# UNITED CREDIT LIMITED 



ANNUAL REPORT 2020-2021

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| BOARD OF DIRECTORS | Mr. Ashok Kumar Dabriwala, Chairman \& Managing Director <br> Mr. Nandanandan Mishra <br> Mr. Raj Mohan Choubey <br> Mr. Devashish Dabriwal <br> Mr. Suresh Chandra Saha <br> Mrs. Rashmi Dabriwal |
| :---: | :---: |
| VICE PRESIDENT AND COMPANY SECRETARY | Mr. Arunabha Biswas |
| CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER | Mr. Samarjit Jain |
| SOLICITORS AND ADVOCATES | M/s. Khaitan \& Co. LLP Argus Partners |
| AUDITORS | M/s. L. B. Jha \& Co. |
| BANKERS | Punjab National Bank State Bank of India |
| REGISTRARS \& SHARE TRANSFER AGENT | C B Management Services ( P ) Limited P-22, Bondel Road <br> Kolkata - 700019 <br> Phone : (033) 2280-6692/2282-3643 / <br> 2287-0263 / 4011-6700 <br> Fax : (033) 4011-6739 <br> E-mail : rta@cbmsl.com <br> Website : www.cbmsl.com |
| AUDIT COMMITTEE | Mr. Suresh Chandra Saha Mr. Nandanandan Mishra Mr. Raj Mohan Choubey |
| NOMINATION AND REMUNERATION COMMITTEE | Mr. Raj Mohan Choubey Mr. Nandanandan Mishra Mr. Suresh Chandra Saha |
| STAKEHOLDERS RELATIONSHIP COMMITTEE | Mr. Raj Mohan Choubey Mr. Ashok Kumar Dabriwala Mr. Devashish Dabriwal |

## REGISTERED OFFICE

27B, Camac Street ( $8^{\text {th }}$ Floor), Kolkata-700 016
Phone : (033) 2287-9359/9360, Fax : (033) 2287-2047
E-mail : unitedcreditltd@gmail.com
Website : www.unitedcreditltd.com

# UNITED CREDIT LIMITED <br> CIN : L65993WB1970PLC027781 <br> REGISTERED OFFICE 27B, Camac Street (8 ${ }^{\text {th }}$ Floor), Kolkata - 700016 <br> Phone : (033) 2287-9359/9360, Fax : (033) 2287-2047 <br> E-mail : unitedcreditltd@gmail.com Website : www.unitedcreditltd.com 

## NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS CONVENING ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

Notice is hereby given that the $50^{\text {th }}$ (Fiftieth) Annual General Meeting of the members of UNITED CREDIT LIMITED (the Company) will be held on Wednesday, the $29^{\text {th }}$ September, 2021 at 11.00 A.M. through video conferencing (VC) or other audio visual means (OAVM). The Company will conduct the meeting from 7C, Middleton Street, Kolkata - 700071, which shall be deemed to be the venue of the meeting to transact the following businesses:

## ORDINARY BUSINESS

1. To receive, consider and adopt the audited financial statements of the Company for the financial year ended $31^{\text {st }}$ March, 2021 and the reports of the Board of Directors and Auditors thereon and, in this regard, to consider and, if thought fit, to pass, with or without modification(s), the following resolution as an Ordinary Resolution:
"RESOLVED THAT the audited financial statements of the Company for the financial year ended $31^{\text {st }}$ March, 2021 and the reports of the Board of Directors and Auditors thereon, as circulated to the Members, be and are hereby received, considered and adopted."
2. To appoint Mr. Devashish Dabriwal (DIN: 00037051), who retires by rotation as a Director and, in this regard, to consider and if thought fit, to pass, with or without modification(s), the following resolution as an Ordinary Resolution:
"RESOLVED THAT Mr. Devashish Dabriwal (DIN: 00037051), Director of the Company, who retires by rotation under Section 152 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Article 78(c) of the Articles of Association of the Company being eligible for re-appointment be and is hereby re-appointed as a Director of the Company."

## SPECIAL BUSINESS

3. RE-APPOINTMENT OF MR. ASHOK KUMAR DABRIWALA (DIN: 00024498), MANAGING DIRECTOR OF THE COMPANY

To consider and, if thought fit, to pass, with or without modification(s), the following resolution as a Special Resolution:
"RESOLVED THAT in accordance with the provisions of Sections 196, 197, 200 and 203 read with Schedule V and all other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force, and all applicable guidelines issued by the statutory authorities from time to time approval of the members be and is hereby accorded to the re-appointment of Mr. Ashok Kumar Dabriwala (DIN:00024498) as Managing Director of the Company for a period of three years with effect from $1^{\text {st }}$ November, 2021 to discharge the duties and responsibilities under the control and directions of the Board of Directors of the Company on the terms and conditions as set out below and in the statement pursuant to Section 102 of the Companies Act, 2013 annexed to the Notice convening this meeting with liberty to the Board of Directors to alter and vary the terms and conditions of this re-appointment in such manner as may from time to time be prescribed by the Central Government and any modification in Schedule V of the Companies Act, 2013 as may be agreed by the Board and Mr. Ashok Kumar Dabriwala (DIN: 00024498).
A. Basic Salary: Rs. 1,60,000 (Rupees One Lakh Sixty Thousand) per month in the salary range of Rs. 1,60,000 Rs. 10,000-Rs. 1,80,000/-
B. Bonus : As per rules of the Company
C. Perquisites : i) Perquisites, as detailed below, will be allowed in addition to salary and shall be restricted to an amount equal to the annual salary :-
a. house rent allowance subject to a ceiling of $60 \%$ of the basic salary;
b. medical reimbursement for self and family subject to a ceiling of one month's basic salary in a year or three months' basic salary over a period of three years;
c. leave travel assistance for self and family in accordance with the rules of the Company;
d. fees of clubs subject to a maximum of two clubs, excluding admission and life membership fees;
e. personal accident insurance of an amount, the annual premium of which is not to exceed Rs. 5000/- and
f. use of car and telephone at residence on Company's business, will not be considered as perquisites. Personal long distance calls on telephone and use of the car for private purposes shall be billed by the Company.
ii) Perquisites, as detailed below, will be allowed in addition to salary but shall not be included in computation of the ceiling on remuneration specified in Section II of Part II of Schedule V of the Companies Act, 2013 :-
a) contribution to provident fund, superannuation fund or annuity fund to the extent these either singly or put together are not taxable under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961) ;
b) gratuity payable at a rate not exceeding half a month's salary for each completed year of service; and
c) encashment of leave at the end of the tenure as per rules of the Company.

## II. TOTAL REMUNERATION :

Total remuneration payable to Mr. Ashok Kumar Dabriwala (DIN: 00024498) as Managing Director is restricted to the limits fixed under Section II of Part II of Schedule V of the Companies Act, 2013."
"RESOLVED FURTHER THAT Mr. Ashok Kumar Dabriwala (DIN: 00024498) be entrusted with the substantial powers of management of the affairs of the Company during the tenure of his appointment as Managing Director."
"FURTHER RESOLVED THAT, in consonance with Article 102(b) of the Articles of Association of the Company, Mr. Ashok Kumar Dabriwala (DIN: 00024498) shall not, while he continues to hold the office of Managing Director, be subject to retirement by rotation."
"RESOLVED FURTHER THAT appointment of Mr. Ashok Kumar Dabriwala (DIN: 00024498) may be terminated by either party by giving to the other advance notice of three months in writing.'
"FURTHER RESOLVED THAT the Board of Directors of the Company be and is hereby authorised to do all such acts, deeds, matters and things as may be considered expedient to implement the resolution."
4. To consider and, if thought fit, to pass, with or without modification(s), the following resolution as a Special Resolution:

## AMENDMENT OF EXISTING ARTICLE 63(a) OF THE ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION OF THE COMPANY

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Section 14 of the Companies Act, 2013 and all other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force, and subject to the approval of the shareholders, existing Article 63(a) of the Articles of Association of the Company be substituted by the following new Article 63(a).
(i) The Chairperson, if any, of the Board of Directors shall preside as Chairperson at every General Meeting of the Company.
(ii) The Managing Director of the Company may be appointed or re-appointed to hold the position of the Chairperson of the Company."
"FURTHER RESOLVED THAT the Board of Directors of the Company be and is hereby authorised to do all such acts, deeds, matters and things as may be considered expedient to implement the resolution."

# By Order of the Board of Directors Sd/- <br> Arunabha Biswas Vice President \& Company Secretary 

Membership No. F 4380

June 29, 2021
Kolkata - 700016

## NOTES

I) In view of the COVID-19 pandemic, the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) has vide Circular No. 02/2021 dated $13^{\text {th }}$ January, 2021 read with its Circular Nos. 14/2020, 17/2020, and 20/2020 dated $8^{\text {th }}$ April, 2020, $13^{\text {th }}$ April, 2020, and $5^{\text {th }}$ May, 2020 respectively allowed companies to conduct their Annual General Meetings (AGM) through video conferencing (VC) or other audio visual means (OAVM) without physical presence of the members in the venue. In accordance with the various Circulars issued by MCA, provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (SEBI Listing Regulations) the $50^{\text {th }}$ AGM of the Company will be conducted through VC/OAVM Facility, which does not require physical presence of members at a common venue. The deemed venue for the $50^{\text {th }}$ AGM shall be 7C, Middleton Street, Kolkata -700071.
II) A statement pursuant to Section 102(1) of the Companies Act 2013 relating to the special businesses to be transacted at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting is annexed hereto.
III) Mr. Devashish Dabriwal is retiring by rotation in the ensuing Annual General Meeting. His profile is given in Annexure I to the Notice as per requirement of Regulation 36(3) of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and SS-2.
IV) Present tenure of office of Mr. Ashok Kumar Dabriwala as Managing Director of the Company will expire on 31st October, 2021. The Board of Directors, in its meeting held on 29th June, 2021, considered his re-appointment for a period of three years with effect from 1st November, 2021 subject to the approval of the members by way of special resolution at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting. His profile is given in Annexure - II to the notice.
V) Members are requested to notify immediately any change in their address to the Company and / or to the Depository Participants, wherever applicable.
VI) Pursuant to the provisions of Section 72 of the Companies Act, 2013, shareholders holding shares in physical form may file nomination in the prescribed form $\mathrm{SH}-13$ with the Registrars \& Share Transfer Agent of the Company, C B Management Services (P) Limited, P-22, Bondel Road, Kolkata - 700019 (CBM). In respect of shares held in demat form, the nomination form should be filed with the respective Depository Participant.

Members may note that as per SEBI Press Release No. 12/2019 dated 27th March, 2019, except in case of transmission or transposition of securities, requests for effecting transfer of securities shall not be processed unless the securities are held in dematerialised form with a depository. This measure has come into effect from $1^{\text {st }}$ April, 2019. Accordingly, members are requested to dematerialise their shares as early as possible, if not already done.
VII) The Company has complied with the provisions of Investor Education and Protection Fund Authority (Accounting, Audit, Transfer and Refund) Rules, 2016 by furnishing and uploading information regarding unpaid and unclaimed amount of dividends lying with the Company in Form No.IEPF-2 on the website of the Authority, www.iepf.gov.in and website of the Company, www.unitedcreditltd.com.

Unclaimed dividend on preference shares in respect of the financial year 2012-13 and for the broken period $1^{\text {st }}$ April 2013 to $3^{\text {rd }}$ September, 2013 i.e. the date of redemption of preference shares and also the unclaimed redemption proceeds have been transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund within the stipulated time in the month of October 2020.
VIII) Members are requested to note that pursuant to the provisions of Section 124(6) of the Act read with Rule 6 of Investor Education and Protection Fund Authority (Accounting, Audit, Transfer and Refund) Rules, 2016 as amended vide Investor Education and Protection Fund Authority (Accounting, Audit, Transfer and Refund) Amendment Rules, 2017 ('IEPF Rules') all such shares in respect of which dividend has not been paid or claimed for seven consecutive years or more are also required to be transferred to IEPF Authority. The Company has transferred the shares
in respect of unclaimed dividend up to the financial year 2009-2010 in favour of the IEPF Authority, on $30^{\text {th }}$ November, 2017. As per record maintained by CBM, after this transfer, presently there are no shares of the Company which are required to be transferred to IEPF.

The voting rights on shares transferred to the Fund shall remain frozen until the rightful owner claims the shares.
IX) Members are informed that once the unpaid / unclaimed dividend or the shares are transferred to IEPF, the same may be claimed by the Members from the IEPF Authority by making an application in prescribed Form IEPF-5 online and sending the physical copy of the same duly signed (as per the specimen signature recorded with the Company) along with requisite documents to the Registered Office of the Company for verification of the claim. The Form IEPF-5 is available on the website of IEPF at www.iepf.gov.in.
X) Members are informed that the scrips of the Company have been activated both in Central Depository Services (India) Limited and National Securities Depository Limited and may be dematerialised under the ISIN INE858C01027.
XI) Members holding shares in physical form are requested to advise any change in their address or bank mandates immediately to the Company or CBM. Members holding shares in electronic form are requested to intimate immediately any change in their address or bank mandate to their depository participant with whom they are maintaining their demat accounts.
XII) The members are also informed that the Company has to maintain the Register of Members in the prescribed Form MGT-1, which requires detail information of the members. The shareholders are requested to furnish the required information in the enclosed form marked Annexure ' $A$ ' and send back the same duly signed to CB M soonest possible.
XIII) The shareholders who have not yet surrendered their share certificates of erstwhile United Credit Financial Services Limited are requested to contact CBM for necessary action immediately.
XIV) Members who hold shares in physical form under multiple folios in identical names or joint holding in the same order of names, are requested to send the share certificates to the Company / Registrars \& Share Transfer Agent for consolidation into a single folio.
XV) The shareholders are requested to register their e-mail address with the Company /CBM and / or with the concerned Depository Participant where applicable and changes therein from time to time, to enable the Company to serve documents and notice of meeting through e-mail.

The persons, who have not registered their email addresses with the Company, can get the same registered with the Company by filling the attached e-communication form marked Annexure ' B '.
XVI) in view of the prevailing situation, owing to the difficulties involved in dispatching physical copies of the Annual Report containing Notice, financial statements including Board's report, Auditor's report and other documents required to be attached therewith, are being sent as per stipulation made in Circular No. SEBI/HO//CFD/CMD2/CIR/P/2021/11 dated $15^{\text {th }}$ January, 2021 read with Circular No. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD1/CIR/P/2020/79 dated $12^{\text {th }}$ May, 2020 only by email to the members whose email addresses are registered with the Company/ Registrars \& Share Transfer Agent / Depository Participant(s), and to all other persons so entitled.
XVII) Members may note that the Notice of the $50^{\text {th }}$ AGM, along with its enclosures, will also be available on the Company's website www.unitedcredittld.com and the website of CDSL www.evotingindia.com for their download. Register of Directors and Key Managerial Personnel and their shareholding maintained under Section 170 of the Act, Register of Contracts or Arrangements in which directors are interested under Section 189 of the Act will be available for inspection during the AGM in electronic mode.
XVIII) Since the AGM will be held through Video Conferencing / Other Audio Visual means, the route map of the venue of the meeting, Proxy form and attendance slip are not annexed to this notice.
XIX) Central Depository Services (India) Limited (CDSL) will provide service for e-voting and participating in the Fiftieth Annual General Meeting through Video Conferencing / Other Audio Visual means.
XX) Instructions for Members for e-voting and participating in the $50^{\text {th }}$ AGM through Video Conferencing (VC) / Other Audio Visual Means (OAVM) are as under:

1. As you are aware, in view of the situation arising due to COVID-19 global pandemic, the general meetings of the companies shall be conducted as per the guidelines issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) vide Circular No. 14/2020 dated April 8, 2020, Circular No.17/2020 dated April 13, 2020 and Circular No. 20/2020 dated May 5, 2020. The forthcoming AGM will thus be held through video conferencing (VC) or other audio visual means (OAVM). Hence, Members can attend and participate in the ensuing AGM through VC/OAVM.
2. Pursuant to the provisions of Section 108 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 20 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 (as amended) and Regulation 44 of SEBI (Listing Obligations \& Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015 (as amended), and MCA Circulars dated April 8, 2020, April 13, 2020 and May 5, 2020 the Company is providing facility of remote e-voting to its Members in respect of the business to be transacted at the AGM. For this purpose, the Company has entered into an agreement with Central Depository Services (India) Limited (CDSL) for facilitating voting through electronic means, as the authorized e-Voting agency. The facility of casting votes by a member using remote e-voting as well as the e-voting system on the date of the AGM will be provided by CDSL.
3. The Members can join the AGM in the VC/OAVM mode 15 minutes before and after the scheduled time of the commencement of the Meeting by following the procedure mentioned in the Notice. The facility of participation at the AGM through VC/OAVM will be made available to at least 1000 members on first come first served basis. This will not include large Shareholders (Shareholders holding 2\% or more shareholding), Promoters, Institutional Investors, Directors, Key Managerial Personnel, the Chairpersons of the Audit Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee and Stakeholders Relationship Committee, Auditors etc. who are allowed to attend the AGM without restriction on account of first come first served basis.
4. The attendance of the Members attending the AGM through VC/OAVM will be counted for the purpose of ascertaining the quorum under Section 103 of the Companies Act, 2013.
5. Pursuant to MCA Circular No. 14/2020 dated April 8, 2020, the facility to appoint proxy to attend and cast vote for the members is not available for this AGM. However, in pursuance of Section 112 and Section 113 of the Companies Act, 2013, representatives of the members such as the President of India or the Governor of a State or body corporate can attend the AGM through VC/OAVM and cast their votes through e-voting.
6. In line with the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) Circular No. 17/2020 dated April 13, 2020, the Notice calling the AGM has been uploaded on the website of the Company at www.unitedcreditltd.com. The Notice can also be accessed from the websites of the Stock Exchanges i.e. BSE Limited and The Calcutta Stock Exchange Limited at www.bseindia.com and www.cse-india.com respectively. The AGM Notice is also disseminated on the website of CDSL (agency for providing the Remote e-Voting facility and e-voting system during the AGM) i.e.www.evotingindia.com.
7. The AGM has been convened through VC/OAVM in compliance with applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and MCA Circular No. 02/2021 dated 13 ${ }^{\text {th }}$ January, 2021 read with MCA Circular No. 14/2020 dated $8^{\text {TH }}$ April, 2020, MCA Circular No. 17/2020 dated $13^{\text {th }}$ April , 2020 and MCA Circular No. 20/2020 dated $5{ }^{\text {th }}$ May, 2020.
8. In continuation of General Circular No. 20/2020, dated 5th May, 2020 issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs, it has been decided to allow companies whose AGMs were due to be held in the year 2020, or become due in the year 2021, to conduct their AGMs on or before $31^{\text {st }}$ December, 2021, in accordance with the requirements provided in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the General Circular No. 20/2020 as per MCA Circular no. 02/2021 dated $13^{\text {th }}$ January, 2021.

## THE INTRUCTIONS OF SHAREHOLDERS FOR E-VOTING AND JOINING VIRTUAL MEETINGS ARE AS UNDER:

(i) The voting period begins at 9.00 a.m. on Saturday, the $25^{\text {th }}$ September, 2021 and ends at 5.00 p.m. on Tuesday, the $28^{\text {th }}$ September, 2021. During this period shareholders of the Company, holding shares either in physical form or in dematerialized form, as on the cut-off date i.e. $22^{\text {nd }}$ September, 2021 may cast their vote electronically. The e-voting module shall be disabled by CDSL for voting thereafter.
(ii) Shareholders who have already voted prior to the meeting date would not be entitled to vote at the meeting venue.
(iii) Pursuant to SEBI Circular No. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD/CIR/P/2020/242 dated $9^{\text {th }}$ December, 2020, under Regulation 44 of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, listed entities are required to provide remote e-voting facility to its shareholders, in respect of all shareholders' resolutions. However, it has been observed that the participation by the public non-institutional shareholders/retail shareholders is at a negligible level.

Currently, there are multiple e-voting service providers (ESPs) providing e-voting facility to listed entities in India. This necessitates registration on various ESPs and maintenance of multiple user IDs and passwords by the shareholders.

In order to increase the efficiency of the voting process, pursuant to a public consultation, it has been decided to enable e-voting to all the demat account holders, by way of a single login credential, through their demat accounts/ websites of Depositories/ Depository Participants. Demat account holders would be able to cast their vote without having to register again with the ESPs, thereby, not only facilitating seamless authentication but also enhancing ease and convenience of participating in e-voting process.
(iv) In terms of SEBI Circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD/CIR/P/2020/242 dated $9^{\text {th }}$ December, 2020 on e-Voting facility provided by Listed Companies, Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode are allowed to vote through their demat account maintained with Depositories and Depository Participants. Shareholders are advised to update their mobile number and email Id in their demat accounts in order to access e-Voting facility.

Pursuant to above said SEBI Circular, Login method for e-Voting and joining virtual meetings for Individual shareholders holding securities in Demat mode CDSL / NSDL is given below:

| Type of <br> shareholders | Login Method |
| :---: | :---: |
| Individual Shareholders holding securities in Demat mode with CDSL | 1) Users who have opted for CDSL Easi / Easiest facility, can login through their existing user id and password. Option will be made available to reach e-Voting page without any further authentication. The URL for users to login to Easi / Easiest are https://web.cdslindia.com/myeasi/home/login or visit www.cdslindia.com and click on Login icon and select New System Myeasi. <br> 2) After successful login the Easi / Easiest user will be able to see the eVoting option for eligible companies where the e-voting is in progress as per the information provided by company. On clicking the e-voting option, the user will be able to see e-Voting page of the e-Voting service provider for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting \& voting during the meeting. Additionally, there is also links provided to access the system of all e-Voting Service Providers i.e. CDSL/NSDL/KARVY/LINKINTIME, so that the user can visit the e-Voting service providers' website directly. <br> 3) If the user is not registered for Easi/Easiest, option to register is available at https://web.cdslindia.com/myeasi/Registration/Easi Registration <br> 4) Alternatively, the user can directly access e-Voting page by providing Demat Account Number and PAN No. from a e-Voting link available on www.cdslindia.com home page or click on https://evoting.cdslindia.com/ Evoting/EvotingLogin. The system will authenticate the user by sending OTP on registered Mobile \& Email as recorded in the Demat Account. After successful authentication, user will be able to see the e-Voting option where the e-voting is in progress and also able to directly access the system of all e-Voting Service Providers. |


| Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with NSDL | 1) | If you are already registered for NSDL IDeAS facility, please visit the e-Services website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: https://eservices.nsdl.com either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile. Once the home page of e-Services is launched, click on the "Beneficial Owner" icon under "Login" which is available under 'IDeAS' section. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID and Password. After successful authentication, you will be able to see e-Voting services. Click on "Access to e-Voting" under e-Voting services and you will be able to see e-Voting page. Click on company name or eVoting service provider name and you will be re-directed to e-Voting service provider website for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting \& voting during the meeting. <br> If the user is not registered for IDeAS e-Services, option to register is available at https://eservices.nsdl.com. Select "Register Online for IDeAS Portal" or click at https://eservices.nsdl.com/SecureWeb/IdeasDirectReg.jsp <br> Visit the e-Voting website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: https://www.evoting.nsdl.com/ either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile. Once the home page of e-Voting system is launched, click on the icon "Login" which is available under 'Shareholder/Member' section. A new screen will open. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |


|  | You will have to enter your User ID (i.e. your sixteen digit demat account number held with NSDL), Password/OTP and a Verification Code as shown on the screen. After successful authentication, you will be redirected to NSDL Depository site wherein you can see e-Voting page. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider name and you will be redirected to e-Voting service provider website for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting \& voting during the meeting |
| :---: | :---: |
| Individual | You can also login using the login credentials of your demat account through your |
| Shareholders | Depository Participant registered with NSDL/CDSL for e-Voting facility.After |
| (holding | Successful login, you will be able to see e-Voting option. Once you click on e- |
| securities in demat mode) | Voting option, you will be redirected to NSDL/CDSL Depository site after |
| login through their | successful authentication, wherein you can see e-Voting feature. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider name and you will be redirected to e- |
| Depository Participants | Voting service provider website for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting \& voting during the meeting. |

Important note: Members who are unable to retrieve User ID/ Password are advised to use Forget User ID and Forget Password option available at abovementioned website.

Helpdesk for Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode for any technical issues related to login through Depository i.e. CDSL and NSDL

| Login type | Helpdesk details |
| :--- | :--- |
| Individual Shareholders holding securities <br> in Demat mode with CDSL | Members facing any technical issue in login can <br> contact CDSL helpdesk by sending a request at <br> helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com or contact at 022- |
| 23058738 and 022-23058542-43. |  |

(v) Login method for e-Voting and joining virtual meetings for Physical shareholders and shareholders other than individual holding in Demat form.

1) The shareholders should log on to the e-voting website www.evotingindia.com.
2) Click on "Shareholders" module.
3) Now enter your User ID
a. For CDSL: 16 digits beneficiary ID,
b. For NSDL: 8 Character DP ID followed by 8 Digits Client ID,
c. Shareholders holding shares in Physical Form should enter Folio Number registered with the Company.
d. Next enter the Image Verification as displayed and Click on Login.
e. If you are holding shares in demat form and had logged on to www.evotingindia.com and voted on an earlier e-voting of any company, then your existing password is to be used.
f. If you are a first-time user follow the steps given below:

|  | For Physical shareholders and other than individual shareholders holding shares in <br> Demat. |
| :--- | :--- |
| PAN | Enter your 10 digit alpha-numeric *PAN issued by Income Tax Department (Applicable for <br> both demat shareholders as well as physical shareholders) <br> $-\quad$Shareholders who have not updated their PAN with the Company/Depository <br> Participant are requested to use the sequence number sent by Company/RTA or <br> contact Company/RTA. <br> Dividend <br> Bank <br> Details <br> OR Date <br> of Birth <br> Enter the Dividend Bank Details or Date of Birth (in dd/mm/yyy format) as recorded in your <br> demat account or in the company records in order to login. <br> (DOB) <br> If both the details are not recorded with the depository or company, please enter <br> the member id / folio number in the Dividend Bank details field. |

(vi) After entering these details appropriately, click on "SUBMIT" tab.
(vii) Shareholders holding shares in physical form will then directly reach the Company selection screen. However, shareholders holding shares in demat form will now reach 'Password Creation' menu wherein they are required to mandatorily enter their login password in the new password field. Kindly note that this password is to be also used by the demat holders for voting for resolutions of any other company on which they are eligible to vote, provided that company opts for e-voting through CDSL platform. It is strongly recommended not to share your password with any other person and take utmost care to keep your password confidential.
(viii) For shareholders holding shares in physical form, the details can be used only for e-voting on the resolutions contained in this Notice.
(ix) Click on the EVSN 210724001 of 'UNITED CREDIT LIMITED'.
(x) On the voting page, you will see "RESOLUTION DESCRIPTION" and against the same the option "YES/NO" for voting. Select the option YES or NO as desired. The option YES implies that you assent to the Resolution and option NO implies that you dissent to the Resolution.
(xi) Click on the "RESOLUTIONS FILE LINK" if you wish to view the entire Resolution details.
(xii) After selecting the resolution, you have decided to vote on, click on "SUBMIT". A confirmation box will be displayed. If you wish to confirm your vote, click on "OK", else to change your vote, click on "CANCEL" and accordingly modify your vote.
(xiii) Once you "CONFIRM" your vote on the resolution, you will not be allowed to modify your vote.
(xiv) You can also take a print of the votes cast by clicking on "Click here to print" option on the Voting page.
(xv) If a demat account holder has forgotten the login password then Enter the User ID and the image verification code and click on Forgot Password \& enter the details as prompted by the system.
(xvi) Additional Facility for Non - Individual Shareholders and Custodians -For Remote Voting only.

- Non-Individual shareholders (i.e. other than Individuals, HUF, NRI etc.) and Custodians are required to $\log$ on to www.evotingindia.com and register themselves in the "Corporates" module.
- A scanned copy of the Registration Form bearing the stamp and sign of the entity should be emailed to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com.
- After receiving the login details a Compliance User should be created using the admin login and password. The Compliance User would be able to link the account(s) for which they wish to vote on.
- The list of accounts linked in the login should be mailed to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com and on approval of the accounts they would be able to cast their vote.
- A scanned copy of the Board Resolution and Power of Attorney (POA) which they have issued in favour of the Custodian, if any, should be uploaded in PDF format in the system for the scrutinizer to verify the same.
- Alternatively Non Individual shareholders are required to send the relevant Board Resolution/ Authority letter etc. together with attested specimen signature of the duly authorized signatory who are authorized to vote, to the Scrutinizer and to the Company at the email address viz; unitedcreditldd@gmail.com, if they have voted from individual tab \& not uploaded same in the CDSL e-voting system for the scrutinizer to verify the same.


## INSTRUCTIONS FOR SHAREHOLDERS ATTENDING THE AGM THROUGH VC/OAVM \& E-VOTING DURING MEETING ARE AS UNDER:

1. The procedure for attending meeting \& e-Voting on the day of the AGM is same as the instructions mentioned above for e-voting.
2. The link for VC/OAVM to attend meeting will be available where the EVSN of Company will be displayed after successful login as per the instructions mentioned above for e-voting.
3. Shareholders who have voted through Remote e-Voting will be eligible to attend the meeting. However, they will not be eligible to vote at the AGM.
4. Shareholders are encouraged to join the Meeting through Laptops / IPads for better experience.
5. Further shareholders will be required to allow Camera and use Internet with a good speed to avoid any disturbance during the meeting.
6. Please note that Participants Connecting from Mobile Devices or Tablets or through Laptop connecting via Mobile Hotspot may experience Audio/Video loss due to fluctuation in their respective network. It is therefore recommended to use Stable Wi-Fi or LAN Connection to mitigate any kind of aforesaid glitches.
7. Shareholders who would like to express their views/ask questions during the meeting may register themselves as a speaker by sending their request in advance at least 7 days prior to meeting mentioning their name, demat account number/folio number, email id, mobile number at company email id - unitedcreditldd@gmail.com. The shareholders who do not wish to speak during the AGM but have queries may send their queries in advance 7 days prior to meeting mentioning their name, demat account number/folio number, email id, mobile number at company email id. These queries will be replied to by the company suitably by email.
8. Those shareholders who have registered themselves as a speaker will only be allowed to express their views/ask questions during the meeting.
9. Only those shareholders, who are present in the AGM through VC/OAVM facility and have not casted their vote on the Resolutions through remote e-Voting and are otherwise not barred from doing so, shall be eligible to vote through e-Voting system available during the AGM.
10. If any Votes are cast by the shareholders through the e-voting available during the AGM and if the same shareholders have not participated in the meeting through VC/OAVM facility, then the votes cast by such shareholders shall be considered invalid as the facility of e-voting during the meeting is available only to the shareholders attending the meeting.

## PROCESS FOR THOSE SHAREHOLDERS WHOSE EMAIL/MOBILE NO. ARE NOT REGISTERED WITH THE COMPANYIDEPOSITORIES.

1. For Physical shareholders - please provide necessary details like Folio No., Name of shareholder, scanned copy of the share certificate (front and back), PAN (self attested scanned copy of PAN card), AADHAR (self attested scanned copy of Aadhar Card) by email to Company/RTA email id.
2. For Demat shareholders - Please update your email id \& mobile no. with your respective Depository Participant (DP).
3. For Individual Demat shareholders - Please update your email id \& mobile no. with your respective Depository Participant (DP) which is mandatory while e-Voting \& joining virtual meetings through Depository.

If you have any queries or issues regarding attending AGM \& e-Voting from the CDSL e-Voting System, you can write an email to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com or contact at 022-23058738 and 022-23058542/43.

All grievances connected with the facility for voting by electronic means may be addressed to Mr. Rakesh Dalvi, Sr. Manager, (CDSL) Central Depository Services (India) Limited, A Wing, 25th Floor, Marathon Futurex, Mafatlal Mill Compounds, N M Joshi Marg, Lower Parel (East), Mumbai - 400013 or send an email to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com or call on 022 23058542/43.
XXI) General :
(i) Mrs. Indrani Chaudhuri, Practising Company Secretary, Kolkata, (Membership No. ACS 8739) and, failing her, Mr. Rajarshi Ghosh, Practising Company Secretary, Kolkata (Membership No. ACS 17717), have been appointed as Scrutinizer to scrutinize the remote e-voting process and voting at the meeting in a fair and transparent manner.
(ii) The Scrutinizer shall, immediately after the conclusion of voting at the general meeting, first count the votes cast at the meeting, thereafter unblock the votes cast through remote e-voting in the presence of at least two witnesses not in the employment of the Company and make, not later than two working days of conclusion of the meeting, a consolidated Scrutinizer's report of the total votes cast in favour or against, if any, and submit the same to the Chairman or a person authorised by him in writing who shall countersign the same.

Provided that the Chairman or a person authorised by him in writing shall declare the result of the voting forthwith.
XXII) The results of the e-voting along with the Scrutinizer's report shall be placed in the Company's website www.unitedcreditltd.com and on the website of CDSL www.evotingindia.com immediately after the result is declared by the Chairman. The results will also be simultaneously communicated to the BSE Limited and The Calcutta Stock Exchange Ltd. where the shares of the Company are listed.
XXIII) Subject to receipt of requisite number of votes, the Resolutions shall be deemed to be passed on the date of the meeting, i.e. $29^{\text {th }}$ September, 2021.

By Order of the Board of Directors Sd/-<br>Arunabha Biswas<br>Vice President \& Company Secretary<br>Membership No. F 4380

June 29, 2021
Kolkata - 700016

## STATEMENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 102(1) OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013

## ITEM - 3

Mr. Ashok Kumar Dabriwala was re-appointed as Managing Director of the Company for a period of three years with effect from 1st November, 2018 on a remuneration fixed by the Board of Directors at its meeting held on $28^{\text {th }}$ May, 2018 and approved by the shareholders in the Forty-seventh Annual General Meeting of the Company held on 28th September, 2018. His tenure of office will expire on $31^{\text {st }}$ October, 2021. The Board of Directors, in its meeting held on 29th June, 2021, considered his re-appointment for a period of three years with effect from 1st November, 2021 on the expiry of his present tenure of office subject to the approval of the members by way of special resolution at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting at a basic salary of Rs.1,60,000/- per month in the salary range of Rs. $1,60,000$ - Rs. 10,000 - Rs.1,80,000/- plus bonus and other benefits and perquisites as mentioned in the proposed resolution. The members of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and Audit Committee also considered and approved the payment of remuneration and other terms and conditions of his re-appointment in their respective meetings held on 29th June, 2021.

The Managing Director is entrusted with substantial powers of management and he shall act in accordance with the Articles of Association of the Company and provisions contained in Section 166 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) .

The Office of the Managing Director may be terminated either by the Company or by Mr. Ashok Kumar Dabriwala by giving the other three months' notice in writing.

Mr. Dabriwala satisfies all the conditions set out in Part I of Schedule V to the Companies Act, 2013 as also conditions set out under Section 196(3) of the Act for being eligible for his re-appointment. He has confirmed that he is not disqualified to act as Director under Section 164 of the Act and any other applicable provisions of the said Act.

Brief resume of Mr. Ashok Kumar Dabriwala, nature of his expertise in specific functional areas and other details as per Regulation 36(3) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and SS-2, are provided in Annexure II to the Notice

Information as per Schedule V- Part II - Section II of the Companies Act 2013 (as amended) is given hereunder
I. General Information:
(1) Nature of industry

- Non-Banking Financial Company
(2) Date or expected date of
- N.A. commencement of commercial production
(3) In case of new companies, expected date of commencement of activities as per project approved by financia institutions appearing in the prospectus
(4)

| Financial performance    <br> based on given indicators    <br>     <br> Particulars    $22020-2021$ |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Income | $2,77,98,246$ | $2019-2020$ | 2018,947 |
| Profit / (Loss) before Taxation | $1,19,73,893$ | $1,18,36,617$ | $3,59,24,448$ |
| Provision for Taxation (Net) | $32,35,595$ | $28,86,550$ | $1,50,08,283$ |
| Net Profit | $87,38,298$ | $89,50,067$ | $2,09,28,795$ |
| Earnings per Equity Share (Face <br> value of Rs 10/- each) | 1.64 | 1.68 | 3.93 |

Consequent upon various restrictions imposed by the statutory authorities in view of outbreak of Covid 19 pandemic, performance of the Company during the year was not at the desired level. The Company has achieved a total income of Rs. 277.98 lakhs in the current financial year as compared to Rs. 295.99 lakhs in the previous financial year.
(5) Foreign investments or collaborations, if any.
II. Information about the appointee :
(1) Background details
(2) Past remuneration
(3) Recognition or awards
(4) Job profile and his suitability
(5) Remuneration proposed
(6) Comparative remuneration profile with respect to industry, size of the company, profile of the position and person

Mr. Ashok Kumar Dabriwala (DIN: 00024498) aged about 66 years, is an Hons. Graduate in Commerce and has more than 43 years of experience in leasing, hire purchase, real estate development and other financial services. He started his professional career as Director-in- charge of a sugar manufacturing Company and has experience in a wide range of manufacturing and service related business. His family was one of the first stock brokers on The Calcutta Stock Exchange Limited.

Mr. Ashok Kumar Dabriwala is getting a basic salary of Rs $1,60,000 /-$ p.m. plus bonus and other benefits and perquisites such as contributory provident fund, house rent allowance, medical reimbursement, leave travel assistance, club membership, etc

- No recognition or award has been received by Mr. Dabriwala.
- Mr. Ashok Kumar Dabriwala is entrusted with substantial powers of management of the Company and is responsible for overall performance of the Company.

Mr.Dabriwala, with his hands on experience in various commercial and industrial activities, is the most suitable candidate for the post.

- Basic salary of Rs. 1,60,000/- p.m. in the salary range of Rs.1,60,000-Rs.10,000-Rs. 1,80,000/- plus bonus and other benefits and perquisites such as contributory provident fund, house rent allowance, medical reimbursement, leave travel assistance, club membership, etc.
- Proposed remuneration is at par with that of similar other companies engaged in NBFC activities and within the limit prescribed by the Companies Act, 2013 for companies having inadequate profit.
(7) Pecuniary relationship directly or indirectly with the company, or relationship with the managerial personnel, if any
- Mr. Ashok Kumar Dabriwala is one of the promoters of the Company and is holding 738540 equity shares of Rs.10/- each in the Company which is $13.86 \%$ of the total paid- up equity share capital of the Company.

Excepting remuneration receivable by him as Managing Director of the Company, Mr.Dabriwala has no other pecuniary relationship with the Company.
III. Other information :
(1) Reasons of loss or inadequate profits - The Company being a small NBFC, it is difficult for it to sustain stiff competition and earn substantial profit.
(2) Steps taken or proposed to be - The Company intends to increase its range taken for improvement
(3) Expected increase in productivity and profits in measurable terms. of activities by engaging itself in loan syndication, real estate, entertainment and any other activity as may be permissible under the objects clause of the Memorandum of Association of the Company instead of concentrating only on non-banking financial activities.

- The management is constantly endeavouring to diversify its activities and thereby increase
(4) Disclosures : revenue. It is expected that in a span of three years the Company will be able to increase its revenue and profit approximately to the extent of $50 \%$.

At present Corporate Governance is not applicable to the Company. Accordingly disclosures in detail are not required to be given.

Statement containing other parameters under Section 200 of the Companies Act, 2013 (as amended) read with Rule 6 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 (as amended)

In terms of the provisions of Section 200 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule 6 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 (as amended), the Company has considered the following aspects in fixing the remuneration of Mr. Dabriwala.

1) Financial Position of the Company - During the financial year ended $31^{\text {st }}$ March, 2021,total income of the Company is Rs. 277.98 Lakhs and net profit is Rs. 87.38 Lakhs as compared to Rs. 295.99 lakhs and Rs. 89.50 Lakhs respectively in the previous financial year.
2) Remuneration or commission drawn by individual concerned in any other capacity Mr. Ashok Kumar Dabriwala has not drawn any remuneration or commission in any other capacity from the Company.
3) Remuneration or Commission drawn from any other Company - Mr. Dabriwala has not drawn any remuneration or commission from any other company.
4) Professional qualification and experience - Please refer to Annexure-II to the Notice.
5) Financial and operating performance of the Company during the three preceding financial years Details provided under Serial No. I (4) of the General Information furnished along with the Statement pursuant to Section 102 (1) of the Companies Act, 2013 given in respect of Resolution No. 3 of the Notice.
6) Relationship between remuneration and performance - Remuneration offered to Mr. Dabriwala meets the required criteria prescribed by Nomination and Remuneration Committee and is justified and appropriate considering the service given by him to the Company and is based on evaluation of his performance.
7) The principle of proportionality of remuneration within the Company, ideally by a rating methodology which compares the remuneration of directors to that of other directors on the board who receive remuneration and employees or executives of the Company -

Non-Executive directors do not receive any remuneration excepting sitting fee for attending meetings of the Board of Directors and its Committees. The remuneration proposed is based on assessment of his performance and is directly related to the competence of Mr. Dabriwala.

In determining the remuneration payable to Mr. Dabriwala, the Company has followed the principle of proportionality of remuneration received by the employees or executives of the Company.
8) Whether remuneration policy for directors differs from remuneration policy for other employees and if so, an explanation for the difference -

The remuneration paid to the managerial personnel is in accordance with the Nomination and Remuneration Policy of the Company, which is applicable for the Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and other employees of the Company and is based on the recommendations of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and as approved by the Board.
9) Securities held by the director, including options and details of the shares pledged as at the end of the preceding financial year -

Mr. Dabriwala is holding $7,38,540$ equity shares of Rs.10/- each representing $13.86 \%$ of the total paid-up equity share capital of the Company. He has not pledged any of his shares.
10) Reasons and justification for payment of remuneration -

Remuneration offered to Mr. Dabriwala is as per Section II of Part II of Schedule V of the Companies Act, 2013 which is applicable for companies having no profits or inadequate profits.

Mr. Ashok Kumar Dabriwala (DIN: 00024498) is interested in the resolution set out at Item No. 3 of the Notice. Mr. Devashish Dabriwal (DIN: 00037051) and Mrs. Rashmi Dabriwal (DIN: 00393162), Directors of the Company being related to Mr. Ashok Kumar Dabriwala may be deemed to be interested in the said special resolution.
The other relatives of Mr. Ashok Kumar Dabriwala may be deemed to be interested in the said special resolution of the Notice, to the extent of their shareholding interest, if any; in the Company. Save and except the above, none of the other Directors / Key Managerial Personnel of the Company / their relatives are, in any way, concerned or interested, financially or otherwise, in the special resolution set out in Item No. 3 of the Notice.
The Board of Directors recommends Mr. Ashok Kumar Dabriwala's re-appointment as Managing Director of the Company as given in Resolution No. 3 of the Notice of the $50^{\text {th }}$ Annual General Meeting for members' approval in the forthcoming Annual General Meeting by way of Special Resolution.

The Statement together with the accompanying Notice is and should be treated as written memorandum setting out the terms of re-appointment of Mr. Ashok Kumar Dabriwala under Section 190 of the Companies Act, 2013 and is open for inspection at the Registered Office of the Company. between 12.00 noon and 5.00 p.m. on any working day except Saturdays without payment of fee. This is also available on the website of the Company at www.unitedcreditltd.com.

## ITEM - 4

As per first proviso to Section 203(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 an individual shall not be appointed or reappointed as the chairperson of the company, in pursuance of the articles of the company, as well as the managing director or Chief Executive Officer of the company at the same time after the date of commencement of this Act unless -
(a) the articles of such a company provide otherwise; or
(b) the company does not carry multiple businesses.

As the Company has been trying to shift its focus point from the traditional business carried on by the Company and venture into other areas within the permissible range of the object clause laid down in the Memorandum of Association of the Company, the Board of Directors of the Company, in its meeting held on $29^{\text {th }}$ June, 2021, has decided to amend the Articles of Association of the Company so that the Managing Director can also hold the position of Chairperson, even if the Company carries on multiple businesses.

A copy of the Articles of Association of the Company is available on the website of the Company at www.unitedcreditltd.com. The Articles of Association of the Company containing the proposed amendment is open for inspection at the Registered Office of the Company between 12.00 noon and 5.00 p.m. on any working day except Saturdays without payment of fee.

None of the directors, key managerial personnel of the Company and relatives of directors and key managerial personnel are in any way concerned or interested, financially or otherwise, in the special resolution set out in Item No. 4 of the Notice.

The Board of Directors recommends the Resolution No. 4 as a Special Resolution in relation to amendment of the Articles of Association of the Company for approval of the Members of the Company in the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

By Order of the Board of Directors
Sd/-
Arunabha Biswas
Vice President \& Company Secretary
Membership No. F 4380
June 29, 2021
Kolkata-700016

## ANNEXURE - I

## INFORMATION RELATING TO DIRECTOR SEEKING APPOINTMENT / REAPPOINTMENT AT THE $50^{\text {TH }}$ ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

As per the requirement of Regulation 36(3) of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended and Clause 1.2.5 of the Secretarial Standard - 2 (Revised) as issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India, a statement containing the requisite details of the concerned Director is given below
a) Mr. Devashish Dabriwal (DIN: 00037051) aged about 44 years, possesses Master's Degree in Accounting and Financial Management of Lancaster University, UK. Mr. Dabriwal was first appointed as Director of the Company on $21^{\text {st }}$ January, 2004. He is liable to retire by rotation pursuant to Section 152 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act).
b) Mr. Dabriwal has vast experience in varying fields from finance to real estate. He was also associated with a Company engaged in nanotechnology based products for a considerable time. Mr. Dabriwal has given his consent to be re-appointed as Director of the Company liable to retire by rotation and he has also given a declaration confirming that he is not disqualified to act as Director under the Act.
c) Mr. Dabriwal is related to Mr. Ashok Kumar Dabriwala, Chairman \& Managing Director and Mrs. Rashmi Dabriwal, Director of the Company.
d) Mr. Dabriwal is also a member of the Stakeholders Relationship Committee.
e) Mr. Dabriwal is also the Managing Director of Dabriwala Banijya Udyog Limited, an unlisted public Company.
f) Names of the Companies in which Mr. Dabriwal is a Director, Chairman of the Board, Board Committees and member thereof, excluding United Credit Limited, are given hereunder:

| Name of the Company | Director/Chairman | Chairman of <br> the Board <br> Committees | Member of the <br> Board Committees |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dabriwala Banijya Udyog <br> Limited | Managing <br> Director | - | - |

g) Mr. Dabriwal is not holding any shares in the Company.
h) He is not entitled to any remuneration other than sitting fees for attending meetings of the Board and its Committees.
i) During the financial year ended $31^{\text {st }}$ March, 2021 there were five meetings of the Board of Directors and Mr. Dabriwal was present in all the meetings.

## INFORMATION RELATING TO DIRECTOR SEEKING APPOINTMENT / REAPPOINTMENT AT THE $50^{\text {th }}$ ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

As per the requirement of Regulation 36(3) of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended and Clause 1.2.5 of the Secretarial Standard - 2 (Revised) as issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India, a statement containing the requisite details of the concerned Director is given below
a) Mr. Ashok Kumar Dabriwala (DIN: 00024498) aged about 66 years is an Hons. Graduate in Commerce. Mr. Dabriwala was first appointed as Director of the Company on $27^{\text {th }}$ July, 1989 and Managing Director with effect from $1^{\text {st }}$ November, 1990. He is not liable to retire by rotation pursuant to Article 102(b) of the Articles of Association of the Company. Details of Remuneration sought to be paid and the remuneration last drawn by Mr. Dabriwala are given under General Information.
b) Mr. Dabriwala has vast experience in leasing, hire purchase, other financial services and real estate for more than 43 years. He has also experience in a wide range of manufacturing and service related business. His family was one of the first brokers on The Calcutta Stock Exchange Limited.
c) Mr. Dabriwala is also Chairman of the Board and a member of the Stakeholders Relationship Committee of the Company.
d) Mr. Dabriwala is related to Mr. Devashish Dabriwal and Mrs. Rashmi Dabriwal, Directors of the Company.
e) Names of the Companies in which Mr. Dabriwala is a Director, Chairman of the Board, Board Committees and member thereof, excluding United Credit Limited, are given hereunder.:

| Name of the Company | Director/Chairman | Chairman of the <br> Board Committees | Member of <br> the Board <br> Committees |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dabriwala Banijya Udyog <br> Limited \# | Chairman | - | - |
| Ridge Valley Developers <br> Private Limited *\# | Chairman | - | - |

f) Mr. Dabriwala is holding $7,38,540$ equity shares of Rs $10 /-$ each, i.e. $13.86 \%$ of the total paid-up equity share capital of the Company.
g) During the financial year ended $31^{\text {st }}$ March, 2021 there were five meetings of the Board of Directors and Mr. Dabriwala was present in all the meetings.
*Ridge Valley Developers Private Limited has filed an application on 23.02.2021 with the Registrar of Companies, Karnataka, under Section 248(2) of the Companies Act, 2013 in Form No. STK-2 for removal of name of the Company from the Register of Companies.
\# N.B.: These two Companies are not listed with any of the stock exchanges.
By Order of the Board of Directors
Sd/-
Arunabha Biswas
Vice President \& Company Secretary
Membership No. F 4380
June 29, 2021
Kolkata-700016

## DIRECTORS' REPORT

## TO THE MEMBERS

Your Directors are pleased to present the Fiftieth Annual Report and the audited financial statements of the Company for the financial year ended $31^{\text {st }}$ March, 2021.

## FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Financial Highlights of the Company for the financial year under review as compared to the previous financial year are given hereunder:

| Particulars | (Rs. in Lakhs ) |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | $2020-2021$ | $2019-2020$ |
| Revenue from operations | 271.24 | 289.29 |
| Other Income | 6.74 | 6.70 |
| Total | 277.98 | 295.99 |
| Profit / (Loss) before Taxation | 119.74 | 118.37 |
| Provision for Taxation | 32.36 | 28.87 |
| Net Profit | 87.38 | 89.50 |
| Other Comprehensive Income/(Loss) (net of tax) | 0.87 | 0.66 |
| Total comprehensive Income | 88.25 | 90.16 |

## STATE OF THE COMPANY'S AFFAIRS

During the financial year under review the Company has been able to achieve profit before tax of Rs. 119.74 lakhs as against Rs. 118.37 lakhs in the previous year.

There is no change in the nature of business carried on by the Company. The Company is engaged in Non-Banking Financial activities. The Company earns a major portion of the revenue from interest on loan while a portion is contributed by earning from rent.

The financial statements for the financial year ended $31^{\text {st }}$ March, 2021 have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of Sections 129, 133 and Schedule III of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) as amended and Ind AS as applicable for Non-Banking Financial Companies.

During the financial year under review the Company has achieved a revenue from operations of Rs. 271.24 lakhs as compared to Rs. 289.29 lakhs in the previous year.

Company's earnings from rent during the lockdown period have been affected adversely.
A portion of revenue is generated from the commercial space given on rent. These let out spaces are mostly used for restaurants and retail business, which suffered a serious set back owing to restriction imposed by the statutory authorities and operation was totally stopped for more than two months; thereafter upon withdrawal of lock down economic activities started with limited capacity as per stipulation made by the State Government on account of maintenance of social distancing. This has adversely affected income generation by the tenants. Consequently there has been substantial reduction in Company's income from rent.

## FUTURE OUTLOOK

In the present economic scenario it has been difficult for the Company to expect remarkable success in the non-banking financial activities. The management has been trying to shift its focus point from the traditional business of the Company and venture into other areas within the permissible range of the object clause laid down in the Memorandum of Association of the Company.

## TRANSFER TO RESERVES

During the year under review, your Company has transferred a sum of Rs.17,47,660/- to Reserve Fund as per norms prescribed by the Reserve Bank of India.

## DIVIDEND

Considering the requirement of fund for day to day business operation and proposed diversification the Directors did not recommend any dividend for the year under review.

## PARTICULARS OF LOANS, GUARANTEES AND INVESTMENTS

Particulars of loan given and investments made are furnished in Note Nos. 6 and 7 of the Notes to the financial statements. The Company did not give any guarantee or provide any security in connection with a loan to any other body corporate or person during the financial year under review. The Company being an NBFC nothing contained in Section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 except Sub-section (1) shall apply.

## DEPOSITS

The Company has not accepted any public deposit during the year under review. There is also no unclaimed or unpaid deposit as on 31st March, 2021.

## RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

During the financial year ended $31^{\text {st }}$ March, 2021 all contracts/arrangements/transactions entered into by your Company with Related Parties were on arm's length basis and in the ordinary course of business. There are no material transactions with any Related Party as defined under Section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Meetings of Board and its Powers) Rules, 2014. All Related Party transactions have been approved by the Audit Committee of your Company and are reviewed by it on a quarterly basis.

The Company has formulated the policy in dealing with related party transactions. The policy can be accessed in the web link https://www.unitedcreditltd.com/unitedadmin/upload/ cmspage _ 678 _data. pdf.

The details of contracts and arrangements with Related Parties as per Companies Act, 2013, SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and other applicable statutory provisions are given in Note No. 27 of the Notes to the Financial Statements, forming part of this Annual Report.

## MATERIAL CHANGES OCCURRED BETWEEN THE END OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR UNDER REVIEW AND THE DATE OF THE REPORT

In view of extensive lockdown imposed to combat the pandemic caused by COVID-19 inflow of income has suffered a great deal and the Company is facing substantial problem in absence of proper flow of fund. Other than this there is no material changes and commitments affecting the financial position of the Company between the end of the financial year under review and the date of the report.

## GENERAL INFORMATION

Economic activities have suffered a great deal owing to nationwide lock down and statutory restrictions imposed to control the spread of virus.

No strategic and financial partner was inducted in the Company during the period under review.

## DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL

The Board of Directors comprises of six Directors out of which Mr. Ashok Kumar Dabriwala (DIN: 00024498) is functioning in executive capacity.

Pursuant to Section 149 of the Companies Act, 2013, Mr. Nandanandan Mishra (DIN: 00031342), Mr. Raj Mohan Choubey (DIN: 00031305) and Mr. Suresh Chandra Saha (DIN: 00484308) are acting as Independent Directors. One meeting of the Independent Directors was held during the year as per statutory requirement.

In the opinion of the Board, the Independent Directors possess the requisite expertise and experience, including proficiency, and are persons of high integrity and repute. They fulfill the conditions specified in the Act as well as the Rules made thereunder and are independent of the management.

They have registered themselves with the Independent Director's Database maintained by the IICA.
Independent Directors had given declaration in accordance with the provisions of Section 149(7) of the Companies Act, 2013 stating that they meet the criteria of independence as per Section 149(6) of the said Act.

During the financial year under review there was no appointment or cessation of office of Directors and Key Managerial Personnel.

Tenure of office of Mr. Ashok Kumar Dabriwala (DIN: 00024498) as Managing Director of the Company will expire on $31^{\text {st }}$ October, 2021. Based on the recommendation / approval of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and the Audit Committee, the Board, in its meeting held on $29^{\text {th }}$ June, 2021, has considered the matter and recommended his re-appointment for a further period of three years with effect from $1^{\text {st }}$ November, 2021 for members' approval in the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

Pursuant to Section 152 and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Companies (Appointment and Qualification of Directors) Rules, 2014 and the Articles of Association of the Company, Mr. Devashish Dabriwal (DIN: 00037051) Director of the Company, is liable to retire by rotation in the ensuing Annual General Meeting and being eligible, offers himself for re-appointment.

Mr. Ashok Kumar Dabriwala, Managing Director, Mr. Arunabha Biswas, Vice President \& Company Secretary and Mr. Samarjit Jain, Chief Financial Officer are the Key Managerial Personnel of the Company.

None of the Directors of the Company are disqualified for being appointed as Directors as specified in Section 164(2) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule 14(1) of the Companies (Appointment and Qualification of Directors) Rules, 2014.

In compliance with the provisions of Schedule IV of the Companies Act, 2013 and other applicable statutory provisions, Familiarisation programme for Independent Directors was held on $10^{\text {th }}$ February, 2021. The details of familiarisation programme could be accessed in the web link https://www.unitedcreditltd.com/unitedadmin/upload/cmspage_1173_data.pdf.

## MEETINGS OF THE BOARD AND ITS COMMITTEES

Details of meetings of the Board and its Committees held during the financial year ended $31^{\text {st }}$ March, 2021 are given in the enclosed statement marked Annexure ' 1 '.

## DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 134(3)(c) OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 134(3)(c) read with Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013, the Directors confirm that :
i) in the preparation of the annual accounts, the applicable accounting standards had been followed and there is no material departure therefrom;
ii) they had selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company as at $31^{\text {st }}$ March, 2021 and of the profit of the Company for that period;
iii) they had taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of this Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
iv) they had prepared the annual accounts on a going concern basis;
v) they had laid down internal financial controls to be followed by the Company and that such internal financial controls are adequate and were operating effectively; and
vi) they had devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems were adequate and operating effectively.

## RISK MANAGEMENT POLICY

The Company has in place a comprehensive risk management policy, which is reviewed periodically by the Board of Directors. As of now the Directors do not envisage any element of risk which may threaten the existence of the Company. The Policy can be accessed on the Company's website at http://www.unitedcreditltd.com/unitedadmin/upload/cmspage_736_data.pdf.

## ALTERATION OF ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION OF THE COMPANY

As per decision taken in the meeting of the Board of Directors held on $29^{\text {th }}$ June, 2021 Article 63(a) of the Articles of Association of the Company is proposed to be amended in the manner mentioned in the notice of the ensuing Annual General Meeting

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

In terms of Regulation 15(2) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, compliance with corporate governance provisions is not mandatory for the time being in respect of the Company as its paid-up equity share capital and net worth do not exceed Rs.10.00 Crores and Rs. 25.00 Crores respectively as on the last day of the previous financial year.

## COMPOSITION OF AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Audit Committee consists of three Non-Executive Independent Directors, namely Mr. Suresh Chandra Saha, Mr. Nandanandan Mishra and Mr. Raj Mohan Choubey. Mr. Suresh Chandra.Saha is acting as the Chairman of the Committee. All the recommendations made by the Audit Committee were accepted by the Board.

## COMPOSITION OF NOMINATION AND REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee consists of three Non-Executive Independent Directors, namely Mr. Raj Mohan Choubey, Mr. Nandanandan Mishra and Mr. Suresh Chandra Saha. Mr. Raj Mohan Choubey is acting as the Chairman of the Committee.

## COMPOSITION OF STAKEHOLDERS RELATIONSHIP COMMITTEE

The Stakeholders Relationship Committee consists of three Directors, namely Mr. Raj Mohan Choubey, Mr. Ashok Kumar Dabriwala and Mr. Devashish Dabriwal. Mr. Raj Mohan Choubey is acting as the Chairman of the Committee.

## PROHIBITION OF INSIDER TRADING

The Company has formulated and published on its official website, Codes of Fair Disclosure and Conduct for prohibition of insider trading pursuant to the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015 as amended.

The Company has formulated various Policies and Procedures as per requirement of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) (Amendment) Regulations, 2018 which, amongst others, include
(i) Policies and Procedures for enquiry in case of leak of unpublished price sensitive information or suspected leak of unpublished Price Sensitive Information.
(ii) Process for how and when people are brought inside on sensitive transactions.
(iii) Internal Controls Systems

## VIGIL MECHANISM / WHISTLE BLOWER POLICY

The Company has established for directors and employees of the Company, a vigil mechanism as per requirement of Companies Act, 2013, SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and SEBI (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015 as amended, to enable them to report genuine concerns about unethical behaviour, actual or suspected fraud or violation of the Company's code of conduct or ethics policy. The policy of vigil mechanism / whistle blower may be accessed on the Company's website at the link http://www.unitedcreditltd.com/unitedadmin/upload/cmspage_ 755_data.pdf.

## CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

The provisions of Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013, in respect of Corporate Social Responsibility are not applicable to the Company as the net worth, turnover and net profit during the financial year under review are less than the stipulated amount. Accordingly, no policy has been framed by the Company on Corporate Social Responsibility.

## BUSINESS RESPONSIBILITY REPORT

As stipulated in Regulation 34(2)(f) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015, business responsibility report is not applicable in case of the Company.

## DIVIDEND DISTRIBUTION POLICY

The provisions of Regulation 43A of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 in respect of formulation of dividend distribution policy is not applicable in case of the Company.

## TRANSFER OF EQUITY SHARES AND UNPAID DIVIDEND TO THE INVESTOR EDUCATION AND PROTECTION FUND

As per statutory requirement, dividends declared up to the financial year 2012-2013 which remained unpaid or unclaimed for a period of seven years have been duly transferred by the Company to the Investor Education and Protection Fund (IEPF) established by the Central Government under Section 125 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) within the stipulated time. The Company had last declared dividend in the financial year 2018-2019 which would be due for transfer in the year 2026.

In terms of Section 124(6) of the Act read with Rule 6 of Investor Education and Protection Fund Authority (Accounting, Audit, Transfer and Refund) Rules, 2016 as amended ('IEPF Rules') all such shares in respect of which dividend has not been paid or claimed for seven consecutive years or more are also required to be transferred to IEPF Authority. The Company has transferred the shares in respect of unclaimed dividend up to the financial year 2009-2010 in favour of the IEPF Authority, on $30^{\text {th }}$ November, 2017. As per record maintained by CBM, after this transfer, presently there are no shares of the Company which are required to be transferred to IEPF.

## STATUTORY AUDITORS AND AUDITORS' REPORT

M/s. L. B. Jha \& Co., Chartered Accountants (Firm's Registration No. 301088E) were appointed as Statutory Auditors of the Company for a term of five consecutive years to hold office from the conclusion of the Forty-sixth Annual General Meeting (AGM) till the conclusion of the Fifty-first AGM of the Company subject to ratification of the appointment by the members at every AGM held after the Forty-sixth AGM.

Provisions regarding ratification of appointment of Statutory Auditors by the members has been omitted by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs vide Notification dated $7^{\text {th }}$ May, 2018. Hence the resolution seeking ratification by the members of their appointment is not being placed at the ensuing Annual General Meeting of the Company.

The report made by the Statutory Auditors on the financial statements of the Company for the financial year ended $31^{\text {st }}$ March, 2021 is free of any qualification, reservation or adverse remark or disclaimer.

## SECRETARIAL AUDITOR AND AUDIT REPORT

In accordance with the requirement of Section 204 of the Companies Act, 2013, Mr. Ranjit Kumar Ghosh, Practising Company Secretary (ICSI Membership No. FCS 3724 and C.P. No. 11521) has been appointed to conduct Secretarial Audit for the financial year ended $31^{\text {st }}$ March, 2021.

A report made by him, pursuant to Section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 is attached marked Annexure 'Il'. The Secretarial Audit Report does not contain any qualification, reservation or adverse remark.

## COMPLIANCE WITH SECRETARIAL STANDARDS

In terms of Para 9 of Secretarial Standard on meetings of the Board of Directors (SS-1), it is confirmed that all the applicable Secretarial Standards issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India have been duly complied with.

## NON-APPLICABILITY OF MAINTENANCE OF COST RECORDS

The Central Government has not prescribed the maintenance of cost records under Section 148(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rules framed thereunder with respect to the Company's nature of business.

## CONSERVATION OF ENERGY AND TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION

The Company being engaged in non-banking financial activities, the question of conservation of energy and technology absorption does not arise.

## FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGO

During the year under review, there was no earning in foreign exchange and there was no expenditure in foreign exchange also.

## SIGNIFICANT AND MATERIALORDERS PASSED BY REGULATORS/COURTS / TRIBUNALS

There is no significant and material order passed by any regulator or court or tribunal impacting the going concern status of the Company and Company's operations in future.

## LISTING WITH THE STOCK EXCHANGES

The Company's Equity Shares are listed with The Calcutta Stock Exchange Limited and BSE Limited.

## INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS

The Company has taken appropriate measures to ensure adequate internal financial control commensurate with the activities of the Company. Internal financial control is the responsibility of the Board of Directors. In line with the requirement of the relative provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, the Company has taken necessary steps for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, safeguarding of its assets, prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records and timely preparation of reliable financial information.

In compliance with the requirement of Rule 8(5)(viii) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, the management has taken necessary steps for design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair viewand are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

## ANNUAL RETURN

Pursuant to Section 92(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 as amended the Annual Return of the Company as on $31^{\text {st }}$ March, 2021 is available on the Company's website and can be accessed at the link https://www.unitedcredittd. com/unitedadmin/upload/cmspage_1259_data.pdf.

## POLICY ON DIRECTORS' APPOINTMENT, REMUNERATION ETC.

In compliance with Section 178(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 the Nomination and Remuneration Committee has formulated the criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes and independence of a director and recommended to the Board a policy, relating to the remuneration for the directors, key managerial personnel and other employees.
The Board of Directors of the Company based on the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, has adopted a policy relating to appointment of Directors and remuneration for Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and other employees.

The details of the above policy has been placed on the website of the Company and may be accessed at the link http://www.unitedcreditltd.com/unitedadmin/upload/cmspage_ 486_data.pdf.

The salient features of the policy are given hereunder:
As a matter of policy, the Company appoints directors from various fields. The present composition of the Board comprises of personnel with experience in finance, statutory matters and various economic activities.

The Policy stipulates the criteria
(i) to determine qualifications, positive attributes and independence of directors as well as to ensure a fair and reasonable remuneration on the basis of appropriate appraisal by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee in line with the requirement of Companies Act, 2013;
(ii) to tap out untapped creativity of the employees and to motivate the employees to give their best for the growth and prosperity of the Company;
(iii) to ensure consistency in compensation on the basis of qualification, experience and ability to perform.

It also prescribes composition of remuneration payable to non-executive directors, managing directors, whole-time directors, managers and key managerial personnel and other employees.

## PERFORMANCE EVALUATION

The annual evaluation process of the Board of Directors as a whole, individual Directors and Committees of the Board was conducted in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015.

Competency, experience and qualification are the principal criteria of evaluation and accordingly the performance evaluation of the Board, its committees and individual directors has been made on the basis of knowledge, expertise and experience in their respective fields and attendance of the directors in the meetings. The independent directors also reviewed the performance of the entire Board including the Chairman in their meeting held on $10^{\text {th }}$ November, 2020.

The Board conducted the annual evaluation of the performance of the directors and the Chairman obtained the views of the members of the Board and its committees and feedback was provided to the members.

## DISCLOSURE RELATING TO REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS AND EMPLOYEES OF THE COMPANY

Disclosure pursuant to the provisions of Section 197(12) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule $5(1)$ of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 is provided in Annexure 'III'.

The Company has got no employee who is in receipt of remuneration mentioned in Rule 5(2) (i), (ii) and (iii) of the said Rules. However, a statement showing the names of top ten employees in terms of remuneration drawn and other details in accordance with the requirement of Rule 5(2) of the said Rules is annexed marked Annexure'IV'.

## COMPLIANCE OF PREVENTION OF SEXUAL HARASSMENT OF WOMEN AT WORK PLACE

The Company has complied with the provisions relating to the constitution of Internal Complaints Committee under the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013.

The Company has in place an Anti Sexual Harassment Policy as per requirement of the said Act. During the year under review, no complaint has been received.

The Company has conducted workshops and awareness programme in compliance with the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013 and Rules framed thereunder.

## MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS REPORT

Management Discussion and Analysis Report, in compliance with Regulation 34(2)(e) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and as stipulated in Item No. B of Schedule V of the above Regulations, is appended to this report.

## SUBSIDIARIES

During the year under review no company has become or ceased to be subsidiary, or joint venture or associate of the Company.

The Company has no subsidiary as on $31^{\text {st }}$ March, 2021.
The Company has formulated a policy for determining material subsidiaries. The policy has been disclosed on the website of the Company and may be accessed at the link http://www.unitedcreditltd.com/unitedadmin/upload/cmspage _ 706 _ data.pdf.

## FRAUDS

The Auditors of the Company have not reported any fraud to the Audit Committee or to the Board as specified under Section 143(12) of the Companies Act, 2013.

## CAPITAL STRUCTURE

During the year under review the Company has not issued any shares including sweat equity shares to the employees of the Company under any scheme and shares with differential rights as to dividend, voting or otherwise.

There has been no change in the capital structure of your Company during the year under review.

## INSOLVENCY AND BANKRUPTCY CODE

No application was made and no proceeding is pending under the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016 during the year.

## ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

Your Directors take this opportunity to place on record their deep appreciation for the whole-hearted and sincere co-operation the Company has received from the statutory authorities, stakeholders, customers and bankers.

Your Directors also wish to thank all the employees for their dedicated and committed service to the Company.

June 29, 2021
For and on behalf of the Board Sd/-
Ashok Kumar Dabriwala Chairman \& Managing Director

DIN :00024498
Kolkata - 700016

DETAILS OF MEETINGS OF THE BOARD AND ITS COMMITTEES HELD DURING THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED $31{ }^{\text {ST }}$ MARCH, 2021
$\left.\left.\begin{array}{|c|l|l|l|}\hline \begin{array}{l}\text { S. } \\ \text { No. }\end{array} & \begin{array}{l}\text { No. and Date of } \\ \text { the meeting }\end{array} & \text { Type of meeting } & \begin{array}{l}\text { Name of the Directors who } \\ \text { attended the meeting }\end{array} \\ \hline 1 & \begin{array}{l}\text { No. 1/2020-21 } \\ \text { dated 29.04.2020 }\end{array} & \text { Board Meeting } & \begin{array}{l}\text { Mr. Ashok Kumar Dabriwala } \\ \text { Mr. Devashish Dabriwal } \\ \text { Mrs. Rashmi Dabriwal }\end{array} \\ \hline 2 & \begin{array}{l}\text { No. 2/2020-21 } \\ \text { dated 23.07.2020 }\end{array} & \text { Board Meeting } & \begin{array}{l}\text { Mr. Ashok Kumar Dabriwala } \\ \text { Mr. Raj Mohan Choubey } \\ \text { Mr. Nandanandan Mishra }\end{array} \\ \hline 3 & \begin{array}{l}\text { No. 3/2020-21 } \\ \text { dated 14.09.2020 }\end{array} & \text { Board Meeting } & \begin{array}{l}\text { Mr. Devashish Dabriwal } \\ \text { Mr. Suresh Chandra Saha } \\ \text { Mrs. Rashmi Dabriwal }\end{array} \\ \hline 5 & \begin{array}{l}\text { Mr. Ashok Kumar Dabriwala } \\ \text { Mated } 11.02 .2021 \\ \text { Mr. Raj Mohan Choubey }\end{array} \\ \hline 4 & \begin{array}{l}\text { No. 4/2020-21 } \\ \text { dated 10.11.2020 }\end{array} & \text { Board Meeting } & \begin{array}{l}\text { Mr. Nandanandan Mishra } \\ \text { Mr. Devashish Dabriwal } \\ \text { Mr. Suresh Chandra Saha } \\ \text { Mrs. Rashmi Dabriwal }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { Mr. Ashok Kumar Dabriwala } \\ \text { Mr. Raj Mohan Choubey } \\ \text { Mr. Nandanandan Mishra }\end{array}\right\} \begin{array}{l}\text { Mr. Devashish Dabriwal } \\ \text { Mr. Suresh Chandra Saha } \\ \text { Mrs. Rashmi Dabriwal }\end{array} \left\lvert\, \begin{array}{l}\text { Mr. Ashok Kumar Dabriwala } \\ \text { Mr. Raj Mohan Choubey } \\ \text { Mr. Nandanandan Mishra } \\ \text { Mr. Devashish Dabriwal } \\ \text { Mr. Suresh Chandra Saha } \\ \text { Mrs. Rashmi Dabriwal }\end{array}\right.\right\}$

| SI.No. | No. and Date of <br> the meeting | Type of meeting | Name of the Directors <br> who attended the meeting |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 6 | No. 1/2020-21 <br> dated 23.07.2020 | Audit Committee Meeting | Mr. Suresh Chandra Saha <br> Mr. Nandanandan Mishra <br> Mr. Raj Mohan Choubey |
| 7 | No. 2/2020-21 <br> dated 14.09.2020 | Audit Committee Meeting | Mr. Suresh Chandra Saha <br> Mr. Nandanandan Mishra <br> Mr. Raj Mohan Choubey |
| 8 | No. 3/2020-21 <br> dated 10.11.2020 | Audit Committee Meeting | Mr. Suresh Chandra Saha <br> Mr. Nandanandan Mishra <br> Mr. Raj Mohan Choubey |
| 9 | No. 4/2020-21 <br> dated 11.02.2021 | Audit Committee Meeting | Mr. Suresh Chandra Saha <br> Mr. Nandanandan Mishra <br> Mr. Raj Mohan Choubey |
| 10 | No. 1/2020-21 <br> dated 04.08.2020 | Nomination and <br> Remuneration <br> Committee Meeting | Mr. Raj Mohan Choubey <br> Mr. Nandanandan Mishra <br> Mr. Suresh Chandra Saha |
| 11 | No. 1/2020-21 <br> dated 11.02.2021 | Stakeholders Relationship <br> Committee Meeting | Mr. Ashok Kumar Dabriwala <br> Mr. Devashish Dabriwal <br> Mr. Raj Mohan Choubey |

For and on behalf of the Board

FORM NO. MR-3<br>SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT<br>FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2021

[Pursuant to section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule No. 9 of the Companies (Appointment and
Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014]
To,
The Members,
United Credit Limited
27B, Camac Street ( $8^{\text {th }}$ Floor)
Kolkata-700016
I have conducted the secretarial audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by United Credit Limited (hereinafter called 'the Company '). Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided me a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/statutory compliances and expressing my opinion thereon.

Based on my verification of the Company's books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, I hereby report that in my opinion, the company has, during the audit period covering the financial year ended on $31^{\text {st }}$ March, 2021 complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board-processes and compliance-mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

I have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by "the Company" for the financial year ended on $31^{\text {st }}$ March, 2021 according to the provisions of:
(i) The Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the rules made thereunder;
(ii) The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and the rules made thereunder;
(iii) The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-laws framed thereunder;
(iv) Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules and regulations made thereunder to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment, Overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial Borrowings;
(v) The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI Act'):-
(a) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011;
(b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015;
(c) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018;
(d) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits) Regulations, 2014;
(e) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Debt Securities) Regulations, 2008;
(f) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993 regarding the Companies Act and dealing with client;
(g) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2009; and
(h) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buyback of Securities) Regulations, 2018
(vi) Payment of Gratuity Act , 1972;
(vii) The EPF \& Misc. Provisions Act, 1952;
(VIII) Payment of Bonus Act, 1965;
(IX) The Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013

I have also examined compliance with the applicable clauses of the following:
(i) Secretarial Standards $1 \& 2$ approved by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs and other Secretarial Standards issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India.
(ii) The Listing Agreements entered into by the Company with BSE Limited and Calcutta Stock Exchange Limited;
(iii) SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosures Requirements) Regulations, 2015(notified on $2^{\text {nd }}$ September, 2015.)

During the period under review, the Company has complied with the applicable provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, Standards, etc. mentioned above.

## I further report that

The Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with proper balance of Executive Directors, Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors. No changes in the composition of the Board of Directors took place during the period under review.

Adequate notice is given to all directors to schedule the Board Meetings, agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent at least seven days in advance, and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting. The Company has system to capture and record dissenting members' views. But there was no such views during the period under review.

I further report that there are adequate systems and processes in the company commensurate with the size and operations of the company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines.

Apart from this, the Company has not taken any actions/decisions, having a major bearing on the Company's affairs in pursuance of the above referred laws, rules, regulations, guidelines, standards, etc.

For Ranjit Ghosh \& Co.
Sd/-
Ranjit Kumar Ghosh
Proprietor
FCS No.:3724
C P No.:11521
Date: 29th June, 2021
Place : Kolkata
UDIN: F003724C000523595
N.B.-This report is to be read with my letter of even date which is annexed as 'Annexure -A' and forms an integral part of this report.

## Annexure A

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To,
The Members,
United Credit Limited
27B, Camac Street (8th Floor)
Kolkata-700016
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My report of even date is to be read along with this letter.

1. Maintenance of secretarial record is the responsibility of the management of the company. My responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records based on my audit.
2. I have followed the audit practices and processes as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the secretarial records. The verification was done on test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in secretarial records. I believe that the processes and practices, I followed provide a reasonable basis for my opinion.
3. I have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and Books of Accounts of the company.
4. Where ever required, I have obtained the Management representation about the compliance of laws, rules and regulations and happening of events etc.
5. The compliance of the provisions of Corporate and other applicable laws, rules, regulations, standards is the responsibility of management. My examination was limited to the verification of procedures on test basis.
6. The Secretarial Audit report is neither an assurance as to future viability of the company nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the company.

For Ranjit Ghosh \& Co.
Sd/-
Ranjit Kumar Ghosh
Proprietor
FCS No.:3724
C P No.:11521
Date:June 29, 2021
Place : Kolkata
UDIN: F003724C000523595

INFORMATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 197(12) OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013 (AS AMENDED) READ WITH RULE 5(1) OF THE COMPANIES (APPOINTMENT AND REMUNERATION OF MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL) RULES, 2014 (AS AMENDED)

|  | Requirement of Rule 5(1) | Details |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: |
| i) | The ratio of the remuneration of each <br> Director to the median remuneration of the <br> employees of the Company for the financial <br> year | Mr. Ashok Kumar Dabriwala <br> Mr. Nandanandan Mishra <br> Mr. Raj Mohan. Choubey <br> Mr. Devashish Dabriwal <br> Mr. Suresh Chandra. Saha <br> Mrs. Rashmi Dabriwal | Ratio |
|  | The percentage increase in remuneration of <br> each Director, Chief Financial Officer, Chief <br> Executive Officer and Company Secretary in <br> the financial year | Director <br> Mr. Ashok Kumar. Dabriwala <br> Mr. Nandanandan Mishra <br> Mr. Raj Mohan Choubey | 0.41 |


| For and on behalf of the Board |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Sd/- |  |
| Ashok Kumar Dabriwala |  |
| June 29, 2021 | Chairman \& Managing Director |
| DIN :00024498 |  |

June 29, 2021
Kolkata - 700016

DETAILS OF TOP TEN EMPLOYEES PURSUANT TO RULE 5(2) OF COMPANIES (APPOINTMENT AND REMUNERATION OF MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL) RULES, 2014

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { SI. } \\ & \text { No. } \end{aligned}$ | Name of the employee | Designation of the employee | Remuneration received (Gross) | Qualification | Experience <br> - <br> No. of years including previous employme nt | Date of commencement of employment | Age of such employee (in years) | Last employment held by such employee before joining the company | Percentage of equity shares held by the employee in the company within the meaning of clause (iii) of sub-rule (2) of Rule 5 of the Companies (Appointment and <br> Remuneratio n of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 | Whether any such employee is a relative of any director or manager of the company and if so, name of such director or manager |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | ( Rs.) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | Mr. Ashok Kumar Dabriwala |  <br> Managing <br> Director | 28,48,734 | B.Com (Hons.) | 42 | 27.07.1989 | 66 | Director-incharge of Dabriwala Properties Pvt. Ltd. | 13.86\% | Relative of Mr. <br> Devashish Dabriwal and Mrs. Rashmi Dabriwal |
| 2 | Mr. <br> Arunabha <br> Biswas | Vice <br> President \& Company Secretary | 8,83,495 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { LL.B, } \\ & \text { FCS } \end{aligned}$ | 46 | 01.03.2009 | 68 | DGM (Legal) \& Company Secretary of Mangalam Timber Products Ltd. | N.A. | NO |
| 3 | Mr. Samarjit | Chief <br> Financial Officer | 7,80,581 | M.Com | 37 | 01.10.1996 | 59 | Sreeleathers as Accountant | N.A. | NO |
| 4 | Mr. Padam Kishore Harlalka | Manager -Administration | 3,92,375 | B.Com | 42 | 01.01.2007 | 63 | Director-incharge of Anurag Properties Private Ltd. | N.A. | NO |
| 5 | Ms. R. Mallika | Senior <br> Secretarial Executive | 3,76,167 | B.Com | 46 | 15.06.2010 | 66 |  <br> Co. Ltd. as Manager (Secretarial) | N.A. | NO |
| 6 | Mr. Avijit Roy Chowdhury | Officer | 2,46,220 | B.Sc. | 29 | 01.09.1992 | 54 | Lakhotia Computer Centre as a Faculty | N.A. | NO |
| 7 | Mr. Biswarup Ganguly | Junior Executive | 2,18,132 | B.Com | 6 | 17.09.2018 | 31 | T. Chatterjee \& Associates as Junior Executive | N.A. | NO |
| 8 | Mr. Tapas Chaudhuri | Officer | 2,10,486 | M. Sc. | 41 | 12.08.1996 | 63 | B. M. Chathrath \& Co., Audit Firm, as Bank Audit Specialist | N.A. | NO |
| 9 | Mr. Animesh Manna | Senior Supervisor | 2,02,200 | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { B.Com } \\ & \text { (Hons) } \end{aligned}$ | 26 | 08.06.2020 | 47 | Dabriwala Banijya Udyog Limited as Seniour Site Supervisor | N.A | NO |
| 10 | Mr. <br> Kedareswer Datta Choudhury | Assistant | 1,88,761 | Higher Secondary | 36 | 01.04.1984 | 63 | First <br> Employment | N.A. | NO |

Notes:
Contractual and in accordance with the terms and conditions of appointment and applicable rules of the Company.
(ii) Remuneration received includes salary, allowances, contribution to retirement fund and monetary value of perquisites computed as per the provisions of Income Tax Act andRules.
(iii) No employee, other than Mr. Ashok Kumar Dabriwala, is related to any of the Directors or Key Managerial Personnel of the
(iv) None of the employees has drawn in excess of remuneration drawn by the Managing Directorand holds $2 \%$ or more of the Equity Shares of the Company as on $31^{\text {st }}$ March, 2021.

## MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS REPORT

## (a) INDUSTRY STRUCTUREANDDEVELOPMENTS

The economy has started reviving after re-opening of the industrial and business activities which had come to a grinding halt consequent upon nation-wide lock down in view of outbreak of pandemic COVID-19. During the year under review, economic activities became almost normal after the lock down was lifted although it was not in its original form, which existed prior to the lockdown.
(b) OPPORTUNITIES AND THREATS

The Company is engaged in non-banking financial activities where there are lot of opportunities especially in the field of infrastructure, transport and other support systems. However, there are threats as well which are applicable in case of any type of business activity. Small NBFCs like ours cannot take advantage of the various options available for raising funds and its proper utilization. The Company is passing through a phase which is not congenial for business development in view of nationwide lock down declared during a considerable part of the year when business activities came to a halt.
(c) PERFORMANCE OF THE COMPANY

The company is principally engaged in Non-banking financial activity. Although the Company has booked Profit before Tax of Rs. 119.74 lakhs the performance of the Company is not as good as it was expected. During the year under review the company earned interest of Rs. 195.03 lakhs on loans given as compared to the previous year of Rs.187.93 lakhs. The Company also earned Rs. 71.72 lakhs on property let out as against Rs.97.16 lakhs in the previous year.
(d) OUTLOOK

The management is confident that the present crisis being a passing phase only will be over shortly and the Company will turn around once the revival process starts.
(e) RISKS AND CONCERNS

Risk is inherent in every business; but NBFCs are exposed to certain additional risks. In fact there is high risk perception on NBFC sector.
(f) INTERNAL CONTROL SYSTEMS AND THEIR ADEQUACY

Internal control systems of the Company is commensurate with its scale of operation and complexity involved in the nature of business carried on by the Company.
(g) OPERATIONAL AND FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

During the year under review, the total revenue from operations is Rs. 271.24 lakhs as compared to that of Rs.289.29 lakhs for the previous financial year. Profit before tax in the current financial year is Rs. 119.74 lakhs as compared to that of the previous financial year of Rs.118.37 lakhs.
(h) HUMAN RESOURCES/INDUSTRIALRELATIONS

During the financial year ended $31^{\text {st }}$ March, 2021, there was no material development in human resources and industrial relations.

There were twelve permanent employees in the Company as on $31^{\text {st }}$ March, 2021. The Company maintains good relations with its workers.
(i) DETAILS OF SIGNIFICANT CHANGES

Details of Significant change (i.e. change of $25 \%$ or more as compared to the immediately previous financial year) in key financial ratios, along with detailed explanations therefor:

| Sl. No. | Particulars | Financial Year <br> $2020-21$ | Financial Year <br> $2019-20$ | Change in <br> Financial ratio | Percentage |
| :---: | :--- | ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (i) | Debtors Turnover | 0.12 | 0.10 | 0.02 | $20 \%$ |
| (ii) | Inventory Turnover | N.A | N.A. | N.A | -- |
| (iii) | Interest Coverage Ratio | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | -- |
| (iv) | Current Ratio | 42.35 | 14.12 | 28.23 | $199.93 \%$ |
| (v) | Debt Equity Ratio | 0.04 | 0.07 | $(0.03)$ | $(42.86 \%)$ |
| (vi) | OperatingProfitMargin(\%) | 44.15 | 40.92 | - | $3.23 \%$ |
| (vii) | Net Profit Margin (\%) | 32.22 | 30.94 | - | $1.28 \%$ |

## Explanations (Serial Number-wise) :

(i) Increase in debtors compared to last year by Rs.3,99,662/-
(ii) N.A.
(iii) N.A
(iv) Increase in Current Assets compared to last year by Rs. 14,81,951/-
(v) Decrease in Debt Liabilities compared to last year by Rs. 88,38,141/-
(vi) Increase in EBIT compared to last year by Rs.1,37,276/-
(vii) Though there is small decrease in PAT by Rs. 2,11,769/- to last year, the net profit margin Increases by $1.28 \%$. This is mainly due to the decrease in total Revenue from operation, the denominator compared to last year by Rs. 18,05,492/-. This contributed the rise in percentage increase.
(j) Details of any change in Return on Net Worth as compared to the immediately previous financial year along with a detailed explanation thereof.

| Financial Year <br> $2020-2021$ | Financial Year <br> $2019-2020$ | Change in <br> Net Worth |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $3.64 \%$ | $3.87 \%$ | $(0.23 \%)$ |

## Explanations:

This is due to the decrease in Net Income (PAT) as compared to last year by Rs 2,11,769/-.

## (k) CAUTIONARY STATEMENT

This report is a forward looking statement subject to variation in real life situation. Actual results could differ substantially from those expressed or implied.

For and on behalf of the Board
Sd/-
Ashok Kumar Dabriwala
Chairman \& Managing Director
DIN: 00024498
June 29, 2021
Kolkata-700016

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF UNITED CREDIT LIMITED

## Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

## Opinion

1. We have audited the accompanying financial statements of United Credit Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31st March 2021, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of Cash Flows ,the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended on that date and notes to the financial statements including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (herein after referred to as "Financial Statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2021, its profit (including Other Comprehensive Income), Changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

## Basis for Opinion

2. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

## Key Audit Matters

3. Key Audit Matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. We have determined that there are no key audit matters to communicate in our report.

## Other Information

4. The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Management Discussion and Analysis, Board's Report including Annexures to Board Report and Shareholders' Information but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The aforesaid documents are expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditor's report.
5. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.
6. In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.
7. When we read the aforesaid documents, if we conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, we are required to communicate the matters to those charged with governance.

## Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

8. The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statement that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.
9. In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.
10. The Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the company's financial reporting process.

## Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

11. Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.
12. As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtained an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under Section 143(3) (i) of the Companies Act, 2013, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

13. We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.
14. We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.
15. From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matters or when we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.
16. Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the financial statements.

## Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

17. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in the Annexure-A, a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
18. As required by Section 143 (3) of the Act, we report that:
(a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
(b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
(c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including other comprehensive income) and the Cash Flow Statement, Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this report are in agreement with the books of account.
(d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.
(e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on $31^{\text {st }}$ March, 2021 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on $31^{\text {st }}$ March, 2021 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act;
(f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure B".
(g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended:
In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the remuneration paid by the Company to its directors during the year is in accordance with the provisions of section 197 of the Act.
(h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
a. The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations as at 31st March, 2021 on its financial statements - Refer Note 25 to the financial statements.
b. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
c. There has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.

For L. B. Jha \& Co. Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No.: 301088E

Sd/-
(D. N. Roy)

Place: Kolkata
Date: $29^{\text {th }}$ June, 2021

Partner
(Membership No.: 300389)
UDIN: 21300389AAAAFX5056

## ANNEXURE- A: TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

 To the Members of UNITED CREDIT LIMITED[Referred to in paragraph 17 of the Auditors' Report of even date]

1. (a) The Company is maintaining proper records showing full particulars including quantitative details and situation of property, plant and equipment.
(b) The Property, Plant \& Equipment of the Company have been physically verified by the management during the year and no material discrepancies between the book records and the physical inventory have been noticed. In our opinion, the frequency of verification is reasonable.
(c) According to the information and explanations given to us by the Management, the company does not have any immovable properties.
2. The Company does not have any inventory.
3. The Company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms, limited liability partnership or other parties covered in the register maintained under Section 189 of the Act.
4. According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, the Company has not made any investment, advanced any loan, given any guarantee or provided any securities covered by provisions of section 185 and 186 of the Act.
5. The Company has not accepted any deposits from public during the year, within the meaning of the directives issued by the Reserve Bank of India and the provisions of sections 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Act and the rules framed there under. Moreover, no order has been passed by Company Law Board or National Company Law Tribunal or Reserve Bank of India or any other court or tribunal.
6. The Central Government of India has not prescribed maintenance of cost records under sub-section (1) of Section 148 of the Act for any of the products of the Company.
7. (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, in our opinion, the Company is generally regular in depositing the undisputed statutory dues including provident fund, income-tax, goods and service tax, duty of customs, cess and any other statutory dues, as applicable, with the appropriate authorities.
(b) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, there has been no dues of Income tax, goods and services tax, cess, provident fund and other statutory dues which have not been deposited on account of any dispute as at $31^{\text {st }}$ March 2021.
8. According to the information and explanation given to us, the company has neither taken any loan from financial institutions or bank or Government nor issued any debentures during the year.
9. According to the information and explanation given to us, the company has neither raised any money by public issues of shares or debentures nor obtained any term loans during the year.
10. During the course of our examination of the books and records of the Company, carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India, and according to the information and explanations given to us, we have neither come across any instance of fraud on or by the Company, noticed or reported during the year, nor have we been informed of such case by the management.
11. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, in our opinion, the remuneration paid by the Company to its directors during the year is in accordance with the provisions of section 197 of the Act.
12. The related statutes are not applicable as the Company is not a Nidhi company.
13. According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, the company has complied with the requirements of sections 177 and 188 of the Act with respect to its transactions with the related parties. Pursuant to the requirement of the applicable Accounting Standard, details of the related party transactions have been disclosed in Note 27 of the financial statements for the year under audit.
14. The Company has not made any preferential allotment of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year under audit.
15. According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions, with any director of the Company and the holding company or persons connected with them, involving acquisition of assets by or from them for consideration other than cash.
16. The Company is a Non-Banking Finance Company (NBFC) and is required to be registered under Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. The Certificate of registration no. 05.03110 has been issued by the Reserve Bank of India to the Company.

For L. B. Jha \& Co.
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No.: 301088E

Place: Kolkata
Date: $29^{\text {th }}$ June, 2021

Sd/-
(D.N. Roy)

Partner
(Membership No.: 300389)
UDIN: 21300389AAAAFX5056

# ANNEXURE- B TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT <br> To the Members of United Credit Limited 

[Referred to in paragraph 18 (f) of the Independent Auditor's Report of even date]

## Report on the Internal Financial Control under Clause (i) of Sub -sections 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013("the Act")

1. We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of United Credit Limited ("the Company") as of $31^{\text {st }}$ March, 2021 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

## Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Control

2. The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial control based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

## Auditors' Responsibility

3. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the "Guidance Note" and the Standard on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.
4. Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting includes obtaining an understanding of internal financial control over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material Weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal controls based on the assessed risk. The procedure selected depends on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risk of material misstatement of the financial statement, whether due to fraud or error.
5. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

## Meaning of Internal Financial Control over Financial Reporting

6. A Company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A Company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that
1) Pertains to the maintenance of the records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company;
2) Provide reasonable assurance that the transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditure of the Company are being made only in accordance with authorization of management and directors of company; and
3) Provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the Company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

## Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Control over Financial Reporting

7. Because of inherent limitation of internal financial control over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to errors or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluations of the internal financial control over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

## Opinion

8. In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respect, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at $31^{\text {st }}$ March 2021, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the company considering, the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Control over Financial Reporting, issued by ICAI.

For L. B. Jha \& Co. Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No.: 301088E

Sd/(D.N. Roy)

Place: Kolkata
Date: $29^{\text {th }}$ June, 2021
(Membership No.: 300389)
UDIN: 21300389AAAAFX5056

UNITED CREDIT LIMITED
Balance sheet as at March 31st, 2021


Place : Kolkata
Date: 29th June, 2021

## UNITED CREDIT LIMITED

Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended March 31st, 2021


Summary of Significant Accounting Policies
The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

1\&2
3 to 33

In terms of our report attached
For L.B. JHA \& CO.
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No. 301088E
Sd/-
D.N. Roy

Partner
Membership Number 300389
Place : Kolkata
Date: 29th June, 2021

## On behalf of the Board of Directors

A. K. Dabriwala Chairman \& Managing Director DIN: 00024498

Suresh Channdra Saha Director DIN: 00484308

## UNITED CREDIT LIMITED

Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended March 31st, 2021

|  | Year ended March 31st, 2021 | Amount(in Rs.) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | March 31st, |
| A. Cash Flows from Operating Activities |  |  |
| Profit Before Tax | 1,19,73,893 | 1,18,36,617 |
| Adjustment for : |  |  |
| Depreciation, amortization and Impairment expenses | 2,62,747 | 3,38,542 |
| Loss/(Profit) on sale of property, plant and equipment | - | - |
| Loss/(Profit) on sale of Investment | - | - |
| Provision for Impairement | 7,821 | 22,111 |
| Provision for diminution in the value of Investment W/back | - | - |
| Interest received (Gross) | (1,95,03,406) | (1,87,92,969) |
| Notional reduction in Employee benefit reduction | 1,20,119 | 91,049 |
| Notional (Gain)/Loss on Fair Value change | (3,95,486) | $(3,16,202)$ |
| Notional (Gain)/Loss on Security Deposit | 21,88,536 | 20,62,525 |
| Interest Paid |  |  |
| Operating profit before working capital changes | $(53,45,776)$ | $(47,58,327)$ |
| Changes in working capital : |  |  |
| Increase in Trade Receivables and Others assets | $(38,70,495)$ | $(1,03,82,429)$ |
| Trade Payables | 8,36,548 | 12,20,249 |
| Cash generated from Operations | $(83,79,723)$ | (1,39,20,507) |
| Interest Paid | - | - |
| Direct Taxes (Paid)/Refund [Net] | (2,90,557) | 23,467 |
| Interest Received (Net) | 1,80,40,650 | 1,69,13,673 |
| Cash Flow from Operating Activities | 93,70,370 | 30,16,633 |
| Extraordinary Items |  |  |
| Net Cash used in Operating Activities | 93,70,370 | 30,16,633 |
| B. Cash flows from Investing Activities |  |  |
| Purchase of property, plant and equipment | $(47,303)$ | $(1,80,389)$ |
| Sale / (Purchase) of investments (net) | - |  |
| Proceeds from Sale of property, plant and equipment | - | - |
| Net Cash used in Investing Activities | $(47,303)$ | (1,80,389) |
| C. Cash Flows from Financing Activities |  |  |
| Repayment of Borrowings (Term Loan) | - | - |
| Payment to Pref. Shareholders on Redemption | (87,11,685) | 11,400 |
| Dividend Paid | - | $(37,29,476)$ |
| Dividend Tax Paid | - | $(7,66,605)$ |
| Net Cash generated from Financing Activities | (87,11,685) | $(44,84,681)$ |
| Net Increase / (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents | 6,11,382 | (16,48,437) |
| Cash \& Cash Equivalents at the beginning of the year | 7,43,723 | 23,92,160 |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents at the end of the year (refer note 3) | 13,55,105 | 7,43,723 |
| Note : |  |  |
| Components of Cash and Cash |  |  |
| Equivalents: Cash on hand | 14,262 | 1,847 |
| In Current Account | 13,11,778 | 2,17,726 |
| Cheques in hand | 29,065 | 5,24,150 |
|  | 13,55,105 | 7,43,723 |

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies
The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements. 3 to 33

In terms of our report attached
For L.B. JHA \& CO.
Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No. 301088E

Sd/-
D.N. Roy

Partner
Membership Number 300389

Place : Kolkata
Date: 29th June, 2021

## On behalf of the Board of Directors

A. K. Dabriwala

Chairman \& Managing Director DIN: 00024498

Suresh Channdra Saha
Director
DIN: 00484308

Chief Financial Officer

## UNITED CREDIT LIMITED

## Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended as at March 31st, 202

a. Equity Share Capital

| Balance as at April 1st, 2019 | Issued during the year | Reductions during the year | Balance as at March 31st, 2020 | Issued during the year | Reductions during the year | Balance as at March 31st, 2021 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5,49,30,230 |  |  | 5,49,30,230 |  |  | 5,49,30,2 |

## b. Other Equity

| b. Other Equity |  |  |  |  |  |  | Amount(in Rs.) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Particulars | Reserves and Surplus |  |  |  |  |  | Other ComprehensiveIncome | Total |
|  | Special reserve (created pursuant to Section 45IC of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 ) | Capital Reserve | Securities Premium | Capital redemption reserve | General Reserve | Retained Earnings |  |  |
| Balance as at the April 1st, 2019 | 2,66,46,219 | 3,11,487 | 3,93,51,892 | 2,54,38,750 | 6,87,39,099 | 3,00,56,455 | (1,44,195) | 19,03,99,707 |
| Profit after tax for the year | - | - | - | - | - | 89,50,067 | 65,719 | 90,15,786 |
| Reclassified to Statement of Profit and Loss | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Dividend including Tax | - | - | - | - | - | $(4,496,081)$ | - | $(4,496,081)$ |
| Transfer from retained earnings | 17,90,015 | - | - | - | - | $(17,90,015)$ | - | - |
| Balance as at March 31st, 2020 | 2,84,36,234 | 3,11,487 | 3,93,51,892 | 2,54,38,750 | 6,87,39,099 | 3,27,20,426 | (78,476) | 19,49,19,412 |
| Profit after tax for the year | - | - | - | - | - | 87,38,298 | 86,702 | 88,25,000 |
| Reclassified to Statement of Profit and Loss | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Dividend including Tax | - | - | - | - | - | - |  | - |
| Transfer from retained earnings | 1,747,660 | - | - | - | - | (17,47,660) | - | - |
| Balance as at March 31st, 2021 | 3,01,83,894 | 3,11,487 | 3,93,51,892 | 2,54,38,750 | 6,87,39,099 | 3,97,11,064 | 8,226 | 20,37,44,412 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.
In terms of our report attached
For L.B. JHA \& CO
Directors
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No. 301088E

Sd/-
D.N. Roy

Partner
Membership Number 300389
Place: Kolkata
Date: 29th June, 2021

On behalf of the Board of

Arunabha Biswas
Vice President and
Company Secretary
Samarjit Jain Chief Financial Office
A. K. Dabriwala

Chairman \& Managing Director
DIN: 00024498
Suresh Channdra Saha
Director DIN: 00484308

## UNITED CREDIT LIMITED

## Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2021

1. General / Corporate Information

United Credit Limited (UCL) is the successor to the erstwhile United Bank of India Limited (UBIL). The name of the Company was originally United India Credit and Development Company Limited (UCDCL), which has been changed to United Credit Limited on 1st January, 1981 upon compliance of applicable statutory provisions. Consequent upon nationalization of the banking sector, the undertaking of UBIL became vested in the corresponding new bank, United Bank of India and pursuant to the scheme of amalgamation approved by the Hon'ble High Court at Calcutta by an Order dated 23rd August, 1974 UBIL was merged with UCDCL, and the assets and liabilities of UBIL were transferred to and became vested in UCDCL.
The Company is mainly divided operationally into the lease, hire purchase, consumer financing, investment and capital market operation. The overall management of the Company is vested in the Board of Directors of the Company.

## 2. Significant accounting policies

### 2.1 Basis of preparation and Presentation

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (hereinafter referred to as the 'Ind AS') as notified by Ministry of Corporate Affairs pursuant to section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the rules made thereunder.
The financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees ('INR'), which is the functional currency in which the Company operates.
The financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31st March, 2021 were approved for issue in accordance with the resolution of the Board of Directors on 29th June, 2021.

The financial statements have been prepared on historical cost convention on the accrual basis, except for financial instruments that are measured at fair values at the end of reporting period, as explained in the accounting policies below:
Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Company take into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. Fair value for measurement and/ or disclosures in these financial statements is determined on such a basis.
In view of the Company being an NBFC, the Financial Statements has a bearing of the directions and guidelines issued by the RBI to the extent applicable to the Company.

### 2.2 Use of estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires management to make estimates, judgments and assumptions. These estimates, judgments and assumptions affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period. Application of accounting policies that require critical accounting estimates involving complex and subjective judgments and the use of assumptions in these financial statements have been disclosed in Note2.2.1. Accounting estimates could change from period to period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Appropriate changes in estimates are made as management becomes aware of changes in circumstances surrounding the estimates. Changes in estimates are reflected in the financial statements in the period in which changes are made and, if material, their effects are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

### 2.3 Property, plant and equipment

All items of property, plant and equipment are stated at historical cost less depreciation. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items and any attributable cost of bringing the assets to its working condition for its intended use.
Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of any component accounted for as a separate asset is derecognized when replaced. All other repairs and maintenance are expensed during the reporting period in which they are incurred.

An item of property, plant and equipment is de-recognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in statement of profit and loss.

## Depreciation methods, estimated useful lives and residual value:

Depreciation on property, plant and equipment commences when the assets are ready for their intended use It is recognized so as to amortise the cost of assets less their residual values over their useful lives, based on the useful lives and in the manner as prescribed by Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013.

## Capital work-in-progress

Items of Property, Plant \& Equipment under construction/installation/fabrication and not put to use are included under capital-work-in- progress.

### 2.4 Impairment of non-financial assets

Assets are tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. Value in use is the present value of estimated future cash flows expected to arise from the continuing use of an asset and from its disposal at the end of its useful life. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash inflows which are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or group of assets (cash-generating units).

### 2.5 Foreign currency translation

The financial statements are presented in Indian Rupee (INR), being the functional currency of the Company. Functional currency is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates.

## Initial recognition of all transactions:

Recorded at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the respective transactions.

## Conversion:

Foreign currency monetary items are restated using the exchange rate prevailing at the reporting date. Nonmonetary items (carried at fair value) as on reporting date are restated using the exchange rate prevailing at the date when the fair value was determined. Translation differences on such items are reported as part of the fair value gain or loss on such items.
For non-monetary items (carried at historical cost) as on reporting date restatement is not required

## Foreign Exchange Gains and Losses:

## Financial Assets:

The fair value of financial assets denominated in a foreign currency is determined in that foreign currency and translated using the exchange rate prevailing at the reporting date.

- For monetary financial assets measured at amortised cost, FVTOCI or FVTPL and non-monetary financial assets measured at amortised cost or FVTPL, the exchange differences are recognised in the statement of profit and loss except for those which are designated as hedging instruments in a hedging relationship.
- Foreign currency changes for non-monetary financial assets measured at FVTOCI are recognised in other comprehensive income.


## Financial Liabilities:

The fair value of financial liabilities denominated in a foreign currency is determined in that foreign currency and translated using the exchange rate prevailing at the reporting date.
For monetary financial liabilities measured at amortised cost, FVTOCI or FVTPL and non-monetary financial liabilities measured at amortised cost or FVTPL, the exchange differences are recognised in the statement of profit and loss except for those which are designated as hedging instruments in a hedging relationship. For financial liabilities that are measured as at FVTPL, the foreign exchange component forms part of the fair value gains or losses and is recognised in statement of profit and loss.

## 2.6

## Provisions, Contingent Liabilities

and Contingent Assets Provisions
Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of past event, it is probable that the Company will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.
The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. When a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation, its carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows (when the effect of the time value of money is material). When some or all of the economic benefits required to settle a provision are expected to be recovered from a third party, a receivable is recognised as an asset if it is virtually certain that reimbursement will be received and the amount of the receivable can be measured reliable.

## Onerous contracts

An onerous contract is considered to exist where the Company has a contract under which the unavoidable costs of meeting the obligations under the contract exceed the economic benefits expected to be received from the contract. Present obligation arising under onerous contracts are recognised and measured as provisions.

## Contingent liabilities

Contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events and the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company; or is a present obligation that arises from past events but is not recognized because either it is not probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, or a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation cannot be made. Contingent liabilities are disclosed and not recognized. In the normal course of business, contingent liabilities may arise from litigation and other claims against the Company. Guarantees are also provided in the normal course of business. There are certain obligations which management has concluded, based on all available facts and circumstances, are no probable of payment or are very difficult to quantify reliably, and such obligations are treated as contingent liabilities and disclosed in the notes but are not reflected as liabilities in the standalone financial statements. Although there can be no assurance regarding the final outcome of the legal proceedings in which the Company is involved, it is not expected that such contingencies will have a material effect on its financial position or profitability.

## Contingent Assets

Contingent Assets are neither recognized nor disclosed except when realization of income is virtually certain.

### 2.7 Leases

## As a lessee

The company recognises a right-of-use asset and a lease liability at the lease commencement date. The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, less any lease incentives received.

The right-of-use asset is subsequently depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the useful life of the right-of-use asset or the end of the lease term. The estimated useful lives of right-of-use assets are determined on the same basis as those of property and equipment. In addition, the right-of-use asset is periodically reduced by impairment losses, if any, and adjusted for certain re-measurements of the lease liability.
The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, company's incremental borrowing rate.
Generally, the company uses its incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate.
Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability comprise the following:

- Fixed payments, including in-substance fixed payments;
-Variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date;
- Amounts expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee; and
- The exercise price under a purchase option that the company is reasonably certain to exercise, lease payments in an optional renewal


## As a lessor

Assets subject to operating leases are included in fixed assets. Lease income is recognised in the statement of profit and loss on a straight- line basis over the lease term. Costs, including depreciation are recognised as an expense in the statement of Profit \& Loss. Initial direct costs such as legal costs, brokerage costs, etc. are recognised immediately in the statement of Profit \& Loss.
Assets given under a finance lease are recognised as a receivable at an amount equal to the net investment in the lease. Lease income is recognised over the period of the lease so as to yield a constant rate of return on the net investment in the lease. Initial direct costs relating to assets given on finance leases are charged to Statement of Profit and Loss.

### 2.8 Trade receivables

Trade receivables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment

### 2.9 Financial instruments

## Recognition of FinancialInstruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financialinstruments. Loans \& advances and all other regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised on the trade date

## Initial Measurement of Financial Instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at FVTPL) are added to or deducted from their respective fair value on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at FVTPL are recognised immediately in statement of profit and loss.

## Subsequent Measurement

## (A) Financial Assets

## Financial Assets carried at Amortised Cost (AC):

A financial asset is measured at amortised cost if it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold the asset in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

## Financial Assets at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income (FVTOCI):

A financial asset is measured at FVTOCI if it is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial assets measured at FVTOCI are subsequently measured at fair value. Interest income under effective interest method, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognised in the statement of profit and loss. Other net gains and losses are recognised in Other Comprehensive Income (OCI). On derecognition, gains and losses accumulated in OCI are reclassified to the statement of profit and loss.

## Financial Assets at Fair Value through Profit or Loss (FVTPL):

A financial asset which is not classified in any of the above categories are measured at FVTPL. A financial asset that meets the amortised cost criteria or debt instruments that meet the FVTOCI criteria may be designated as at FVTPL upon initial recognition if such designation eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency that would arise from measuring assets or liabilities or recognising the gains and losses on them on different bases. The Company has not designated any debt instrument as at FVTPL.
Financial assets at FVTPL are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period, with any gains or losses arising on re- measurement recognised in statement of profit and loss.

## Effective Interest Rate (EIR) Method:

The Effective Interest Rate Method is a method of calculating the amortized cost of a debt instrument and of allocating interest income or expense over the relevant period. The Effective Interest Rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments or receipts through the expected life of the financial asset or financial liability to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset or to the amortised cost of a financial liability on initial recognition

## Impairment of Financial Assets:

The Company applies the expected credit loss model for recognizing impairment loss on financial assets measured at amortised cost, debt instruments at FVTOCI, lease/trade receivables, other contractual rights to receive cash or other financial asset, and financial guarantees not designated as at FVTPL.
The Company measures the loss allowance for a financial instrument at an amount equal to the lifetime expected credit losses if the credit risk on that financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition. If the credit risk on a financial instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Company measures the loss allowance for that financial instrument at an amount equal to 12 -month expected credit losses.
When making the assessment of whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, the Company uses the change in the risk of a default occurring over the expected life of the financial instrument instead of the change in the amount of expected credit losses. To make that assessment, the Company considers reasonable and supportable information, that is available without undue cost or effort, that is indicative of significant increases in credit risk since initial recognition.
In case of debt instruments at FVTOCI, the loss allowance measured in accordance with the above requirements is recognised in other comprehensive income with a corresponding effect to the statement of profit and loss but is not reduced from the carrying amount of the financial asset in the balance sheet; so the financial asset continues to be presented in the balance sheet at its fair value.
No Expected credit losses is recognised on equity investments but these are impaired if there is a permanent diminution in the value of such investments.
For trade receivables or any contractual right to receive cash or another financial asset that result from transactions that are within the scope of Ind AS 115, the Company measures the loss allowance at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses.
Further, for the purpose of measuring lifetime expected credit loss allowance for trade receivables, the Company has used a practical expedient as permitted under Ind AS 109. The expected credit loss allowance is computed based on a provision matrix which takes into account historical credit loss experience

## Derecognition of Financial Assets:

The Company derecognizes a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another party.
On derecognition of a financial asset accounted under Ind AS 109 in its entirety,
a) for financial assets measured at amortised cost, the gain or loss is recognized in the statement of profit and loss.
b) for financial assets measured at FVTOCI, the cumulative fair value adjustments previously taken to reserves are reclassified to the Statement of Profit and Loss unless the asset represents an equity investment in which case the cumulative fair value adjustments previously taken to reserves is reclassified within equity.

If the transferred asset is part of a larger financial asset and the part transferred qualifies for derecognition in its entirety, the previous carrying amount of the larger financial asset shall be allocated between the part that continues to be recognised and the part that is derecognised, on the basis of the relative fair values of those parts on the date of the transfer.
If the Company neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred asset, it recognises its retained interest in the assets and an associated liability for amounts it may have to pay.

## (B) Financial Liabilities and Equity Instruments:

## Equity Instruments:

An Equity Instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Company after deducting all of its liabilities.

## Financial Liabilities:

Financial Liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

## Financial Guarantee Contracts:

Financial guarantee contracts issued by the Company are initially measured at their fair values and, if not designated as at FVTPL, are subsequently measured at the higher of:

- the amount of loss allowance determined in accordance with impairment requirements of Ind AS 109; and
- the amount initially recognised less, when appropriate, the cumulative amount of income recognised in accordance with the principles of Ind AS115.


## Derecognition of financial liabilities:

The Company derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Company's obligations are discharged, cancelled or have expired. An exchange between with a lender of debt instruments with substantially different terms is accounted for as an extinguishment of the original financial liability and the recognition of a new financial liability. Similarly, a substantial modification of the terms of an existing financial liability (whether or not attributable to the financial difficulty of the debtor) is accounted for as an extinguishment of the original financial liability and the recognition of a new financial liability. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in statement of profit and loss.

## Fair Value:

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:
a) In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
b) In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Company.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.
The Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.
All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised into Level 1, 2, or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are as follows:

- Level 1 - Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date;
- Level 2-Other than quoted prices included within Level1, that are observable for the asset or liability,either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 - Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.


### 2.10 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise of cash in hand and balances with banks, cheques on hand, remittances in transit and short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less that are readily convertible to know amount of cash and which are subject to an insignificant change in value.

### 2.11 Borrowings

Borrowings are initially recognised at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption amount is recognised in profit or loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method. Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are recognised as transaction costs of the loan to the extent that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down.In this case, the fee is deferred until the draw down occurs. To the extent there is no evidence that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down, the fee is capitalized as a prepayment for liquidity services and amortised over the period of the facility to which it relates.

Preference shares, which are mandatorily redeemable on a specific date, are classified as liabilities. The dividends on these preference shares are recognised in profit or loss as finance costs.
Borrowings are removed from the balance sheet when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expired. The difference between the carrying amount of a financial liability that has been extinguished or transferred to another party and the consideration paid, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognised in profit or loss as other gains/(losses).
Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period. Where there is a breach of a material provision of a long-term loan arrangement on or before the end of the reporting period with the effect that the liability becomes payable on demand on the reporting date, the entity does not classify the liability as current, if the lender agreed, after the reporting period and before the approval of the financial statements for issue, not to demand payment as a consequence of the breach.

### 2.12 Employee benefits

## (i) Short-term obligations:

Liabilities for wages and salaries, including non-monetary benefits that are expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service are recognised in respect of employees' services up to the end of the reporting period and are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled. The liabilities are presented as current employee benefit obligations in the balance sheet

## (ii) Other long-term employee benefit obligations:

The liabilities for earned leave are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service. They are therefore measured as the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the end of the reporting period using the projected unit credit method. The benefits are discounted using the market yields at the end of the reporting period that have terms approximating to the terms of the related obligation. Remeasurements as a result of experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are recognised in profit or loss.

The obligations are presented as current liabilities in the balance sheet if the entity does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting period, regardless of when the actual settlement is expected to occur.
(iii) Post-employment obligations:

The company operates the following post-employment schemes:
Defined benefit plans such as gratuity and Leave Encashment Gratuity and Leave obligations
Gratuity Liability and Long Term compensated absences are defined benefit plans. The cost of providing benefits is determined in accordance with the advice of independent, professionally qualified actuaries, using the projected unit credit method.
Re-measurement, comprising actuarial gains and losses, the effect of the changes to the asset ceiling (if applicable) and the return on plan assets (excluding net interest), is reflected immediately in the balance sheet with a charge or credit recognised in other comprehensive income in the period in which they occur.

Re-measurement recognised in other comprehensive income is reflected immediately in retained earnings and is not reclassified to statement of profit and loss. Past service is recognised in statement of profit and loss in the period of a plan amendment. Net interest is calculated by applying the discount rate at the beginning of the period to the net defined benefit liability or asset. Defined benefit costs are categorised as follows:

- service cost (including current service cost, past service cost, as well as gains and losses on curtailments and settlements);
- net interest expense or income; and
- re-measurement

The Company presents the first two components of defined benefit costs instatement of profit and loss in the line item 'Employee benefits expense'. Curtailment gains and losses are accounted for as past service costs.
The present value of the defined benefit plan liability is calculated using a discount rate which is determined by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period on government bonds.
The retirement benefit obligation recognised in the balance sheet represents the actual deficit or surplus in the Company's defined benefit plans. Any surplus resulting from this calculation is limited to the present value of any economic benefits available in the form of refunds from the plans or reductions in future contributions to the plans.

## Defined contribution plans

The company pays provident fund contributions to publicly administered provident funds as per local regulations. The company has no further payment obligations once the contributions have been paid. The contributions are accounted for as defined contribution plans and the contributions are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments is available.

### 2.13 Income taxes

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

## Current tax

The income tax expense or credit for the period is the tax payable on the current period's taxable income based on the applicable income tax rate adjusted by changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences and to unused tax losses.
The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period in the country where the company operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.
MAT credit is recognized as an asset only when and to the extent there is convincing evidence that the Company will pay normal income tax during the specified period. In the year in which the MAT credit becomes eligible to be recognized as an asset, the said asset is created by way of a credit to statement of profit and loss and shown as MAT credit entitlement. The Company reviews the same at each balance sheet date and writes down the carrying amount of MAT credit entitlement to the extent there is no longer convincing evidence to the effect that the Company will pay normal income tax during the specified period.

## Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised on differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the balance sheet and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each balance sheet date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.
Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the company, at the reporting date, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.
Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the company intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

## Current and deferred tax for the year

Current and deferred tax are recognised in the statement of profit and loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

### 2.14 <br> Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognized to the extent it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured.
Revenue from Operations is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss on an accrual basis as stated herein below:
(a) Income for financial assets other than those financial assets classified as at Fair value through profit and loss ("FVTPL") is recognized based on the effective interest rate method. Income from Credit Impaired Financial Assets is recognized on net basis i.e. after considering Impairment Loss Allowance.
(b) Interest income on fixed deposits/margin money/pass through certificates is recognized on a time proportion basis taking into account the amount outstanding and the rate applicable.
(c) Rent Income/Lease rentals are recognized on accrual basis in accordance with the terms of agreements.
(d) Income from dividend is recognized when the Company's right to receive such dividend is established, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the entity, the dividend does not represent a recovery of part of cost of the investment and the amount of dividend can be measured reliably.

### 2.15 Prudential Norms

The Company has followed the prudential norms for income recognition and provisioning against non-performing assets and standard assets as prescribed by the Reserve Bank of India for Non-Banking Financial Companies.

### 2.16 Segment Reporting

- Based on the organizational structures and its Financial Reporting System, the Company has classified its operation into two e business segments namely Financing Activity and Renting Activity.
- Revenue and expenses have been identified to segments on the basis of their relationship to the operating activities of the segment. Revenue and expenses which are related to the enterprise as a whole and are not allocable to segments on a reasonable basis have been included under un-allocable expenses.


### 2.17 Trade and other payables

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the company prior to the end of financial year which are unpaid. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition. Trade and other payables are presented as current liabilities unless payment is not due within 12 months after the reporting period. They are recognised initially at their fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

### 2.18 Basic earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing: the profit attributable to owners of the company by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the financial year, adjusted for bonus elements in equity shares issued during the year and excluding treasury shares.

### 2.19 Cash Flow Statement

Cash Flow is reported using the indirect method, whereby profit before tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of a non cash nature and any deferrals or accruals of past or future cash receipts or payments. The cash flow from regular revenue generating, financing and investing activities of the Company are segregated.

### 2.20 Exceptional Item

When items of income and expenses within statement of profit and loss from ordinary activities are of as such size, nature and or incidence that their disclosure is relevant to explain the performance of the enterprise for the period, the nature and amount of such material items are disclosed separately as exceptional items.

### 2.21 Critical estimates and judgements

The following are the critical judgements, apart from those involving estimations, that the management have made in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies and that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements.

## Expected credit loss on loans and advances

The Company has used its judgement in determining various parameters of expected credit loss. These parameters include staging, default, discount rates, expected life, significant increase in credit risk, amount and timing of future cash flows. In estimating these cash flows, the Company makes judgement about the realisable value of the securities hypothecated/mortgaged to it, based on the historical data and/or independent valuation reports.
These assumptions are based on the assumptions about a number of factors and actual results may differ, resulting in future changes to the impairment allowance.
A collective assessment of impairment takes into account data from the loan portfolio (such as credit quality, nature of assets underlying assets financed, levels of arrears, credit utilization, loan to collateral ratios etc.), and the economic data (including levels of unemployment, country risk and performance of different individual groups). These critical assumptions have been applied consistently to all period presented.

## Business Model Assessment

Classification and measurement of financial assets depends on the results of the SPPI and the business model test. The Company determines the business model at a level that reflects how groups of financial assets are managed together to achieve a particular business objective. The Company monitors financial assets measured at amortized cost or fair value through other comprehensive income that are derecognized prior to their maturity to understand the reason for their disposal and whether the reasons are consistent with the objective of the business for which the asset was held. Monitoring is part of the Company's continuous assessment of whether the business model for which the remaining financial assets are held continues to be appropriate and if it is not appropriate whether there has been a change in business model and so a prospective change to the classification of those assets.

### 2.22 Recent Pronouncement

On March 24, 2021, the Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") through a notification, amended Schedule III of the Companies Act, 2013. The amendments revise Division I, II and III of Schedule III and are applicable from April 1, 2021. Key amendments relating to Division II which relate to companies whose financial statements are required to comply with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules 2015 are:

Balance Sheet:

- Lease liabilities should be separately disclosed under the head 'financial liabilities', duly distinguished as current or non-current.
- Certain additional disclosures in the statement of changes in equity such as changes in equity share capital due to prior period errors and restated balances at the beginning of the current reporting period.
- Specified format for disclosure of shareholding of promoters.
- Specified format for ageing schedule of trade receivables, trade payables, capital work-in-progress and intangible asset under development.
- If a company has not used funds for the specific purpose for which it was borrowed from banks and financial institutions, then disclosure of details of where it has been used.
- Specific disclosure under 'additional regulatory requirement' such as compliance with approved schemes of arrangements, compliance with number of layers of companies, title deeds of immovable property not held in name of company, loans and advances to promoters, directors, key managerial personnel (KMP) and related parties, details of benami property held etc.
Statement of profit and loss:
- Additional disclosures relating to Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR), undisclosed income and crypto or virtual currency specified under the head 'additional information' in the notes forming part of the standalone financial statements.
The amendments are extensive and the Company will evaluate the same to give effect to them as required by law.


## UNITED CREDIT LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31ST, 2021

## 3. Cash and cash equivalents:

| Particulars | As at March 31st, 2021 | As at March 31st, 2020 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
|  | 14,262 | 1,847 |
| Cash in hand | $13,11,778$ | $2,17,726$ |
| Balances with Banks - in Current Account | 29,065 | $5,24,150$ |
| Cheques in hand |  |  |
| Total | $\mathbf{1 3 , 5 5 , 1 0 5}$ | $\mathbf{7 , 4 3 , 7 2 3}$ |

## 4. Other Bank Balances

 Amount(in Rs.)| Particulars | As at March 31st, 2021 | As at March 31st, 2020 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Earmarked Balances- Unpaid Dividend <br> Total | $1,15,527$ | $11,71,959$ |
|  |  | $\mathbf{1 , 1 5 , 5 2 7}$ |

## 5. Receivables:

(i) Trade Receivables Amount(in Rs.)

| Particulars | As at March 31st, 2021 | As at March 31st, 2020 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
|  |  |  |
| (a) Unsecured considered good <br> Less: Allowance for impairment loss allowance | $33,84,278$ |  |
| Total | - | $29,84,616$ |

UNITED CREDIT LIMITED
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31ST, 2021
Amount(in Rs.)

| Particulars | As at March 31st, 2021 | As at March 31st, 2020 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Loans at Amortised Cost <br> (A) <br> (i) Loan repayble on demand | 15,58,46,675 | 15,31,71,675 |
| Total (A) Gross | 15,58,46,675 | 15,31,71,675 |
| Less: Impairment loss allowance | 18,85,712 | 18,77,892 |
| Total (A) Net | 15,39,60,963 | 15,12,93,783 |
| (B) |  |  |
| (i) Secured by tangible assets | 28,56,000 | 28,56,000 |
| (ii) Unsecured | 15,29,90,675 | 15,03,15,675 |
| Total (B) Gross | 15,58,46,675 | 15,31,71,675 |
| Less: Impairment loss allowance | 18,85,712 | 18,77,892 |
| Total (B) Net | 15,39,60,963 | 15,12,93,783 |
| (C) |  |  |
| In India <br> (i) Public Sector | - | - |
| (ii) Others | 15,58,46,675 | 15,31,71,675 |
| Total (C) Gross | 15,58,46,675 | 15,31,71,675 |
| Less: Impairment loss allowance | 18,85,712 | 18,77,892 |
| Total (C) Net | 15,39,60,963 | 15,12,93,783 |

UNITED CREDIT LIMITED
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31ST, 2021

## 7. Investments

| Particulars | Amount(in Rs.) |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Investment at fair value through Profit \& Loss <br> Debt Securities <br> United Nanotech Products Ltd <br> Equity Instruments <br> (QUOTED) <br> Birla Power Solutions Ltd <br> (UNQUOTED) <br> Calcutta Metropolitan Group Ltd <br> Sky B (Bangla) Pvt Ltd <br> Business India Publications Ltd <br> Total Gross (A) <br> (i) Overseas Investments <br> (ii) Investments in India |  |  |
| As at March 31st, 2020 |  |  |
| Total (B) |  |  |
| Less: Impairment loss allowance (C) |  |  |
| Total - Net D= (A)-(C) |  |  |

7.1 - Details of Impairements

Amount(in Rs.)

| Particulars | As at March 31st, 2021 | As at March 31st, 2020 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| United Nanotech Products Ltd |  |  |
| Birla Power Solutions Ltd | $1,25,982$ | - |
| Calcutta Metropolitan Group Ltd | 0 | $1,25,982$ |
| Sky B (Bangla) Pvt Ltd | $1,00,000$ | 0 |
| Business India Publications Ltd | $27,4,999$ | $1,00,000$ |
| Total Impairements | $\mathbf{2 9 , 7 5 , 9 8 1}$ | $27,49,999$ |

## UNITED CREDIT LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31ST, 2021

| 8. Other Financial assets | Amount(in Rs.) |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Particulars | As at March 31 ${ }^{\text {st }}, \mathbf{2 0 2 1}$ | As at March 31 ${ }^{\text {st, } 2020}$ |
| Security deposits |  |  |
| To Related Parties |  |  |
| To others |  |  |
| Interest accrued on Loan |  | $7,56,151$ |
| Total | $42,88,881$ | $64,07,618$ |


| 9.Current tax assets (Net) |  | Amount(in Rs.) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Particulars | As at March 31 ${ }^{\text {st }}$,2021 | As at March 31 ${ }^{\text {st }}$,2020 |
| Advance income tax [net of Income tax provision of ₹ 72.05 lakhs (March 31st, 2020: ₹ 57.75 lakhs,)] | 4,679,460 | 6,622,952 |
| Total | 4,679,460 | 6,622,952 |

10. Deferred Tax Assets (Net)

| Particulars | As at March 31 ${ }^{\text {st }}$, 2021 | As at March 31 ${ }^{\text {st }} \mathbf{, 2 0 2 0}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Deferred Tax Assets on |  |  |
| Provision for Employee Benefits | 3,23,344 | 3,42,072 |
| Provision for Impairement on Loan Assets | 5,24,606 | 5,22,430 |
| Provision for Diminution in the Value of Investments | 8,27,918 | 8,27,918 |
| Property , Plant \& Equipment | 5,66,658 | 6,21,141 |
| Fair Value of Security Deposit Given | 14,98,642 | 10,07,080 |
| Total Deferred Tax Assets (A) | 37,41,168 | 33,20,641 |
| Deferred Tax Liability on Fair Value of Security Deposit received | 7,941 | 15,205 |
| Total Deferred Tax Liability (B) | 7,941 | 15,205 |
|  |  |  |
| Net Deferred Tax Assets/(Liability) (A-B) | 37,33,227 | 33,05,436 |

### 10.1 Movement of Deferred Tax - 31.03.21

| Particulars | $\begin{gathered} \text { As at March 31st, } \\ 2020 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Movement | $\begin{gathered} \text { As at March } \\ \text { 31st, } 2021 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Deferred Tax Assets on |  |  |  |
| Provision for Employee Benefits | 342,072 | $(18,728)$ | 323,344 |
| Provision for Impairement on Loan Assets | 522,430 | 2,176 | 524,606 |
| Provision for Diminution in the Value of | 827,918 |  | 827,918 |
| Investments |  |  |  |
| Property , Plant \& Equipment | 621,141 | $(54,483)$ | 566,658 |
| Fair Value of Security Deposit Given | 1,007,080 | 491,562 | 1,498,642 |
| Total Deferred Tax Assets (A) | 3,320,641 | 420,527 | 3,741,168 |
| Deferred Tax Liability on |  |  |  |
| Fair Value of Security Deposit received | 15,205 | $(7,264)$ | 7,941 |
| Total Deferred Tax Liability (B) | 15,205 | $(7,264)$ | 7,941 |
|  | - | - | - |
| Net Deferred Tax Assets/(Liability) (A-B) | 3,305,436 | 427,791 | 3,733,227 |


| 12. Other Non Financial assets |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Particulars | As at $\underset{2021}{ }$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { As at March 31st, } \\ & 2020 \end{aligned}$ |
| Prepaid Rent - Related Party | 87,756,926 | 89,972,396 |
| Balances with GST authorities | 4,500 | 4,500 |
| Other assets | 697,702 | 354,679 |
| Total | 88,459,128 | 90,331,575 |

## UNITED CREDIT LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31ST, 2021

## 11. Property, Plant and Equipment

| Particulars | Gross block |  |  |  | Depreciation/amortisation/impairment |  |  |  |  | Net book value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { As at April } \\ \text { 1st, } \\ 2020 \end{gathered}$ | Additions | Disposals and other adjustments | $\begin{array}{\|c} \hline \text { As at March } \\ \text { 31st, } \\ 2021 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { As at April } \\ \text { 1st, } \\ 2020 \end{gathered}$ | Depreciation/ amortisation Charge | Impairment Charge | Disposals and other adjustments | $\begin{gathered} \text { As at March } \\ \text { 31st, } \\ 2021 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { As at March } \\ \text { 31st, } \\ 2021 \end{gathered}$ |
| Furniture and fixtures | 31,04,024 | 1,899 | - | 31,05,923 | 29,00,657 | 29,013 | - | - | 2,929,670 | 176,253 |
| Office Equipment | 7,77,231 | 25,165 | - | 8,02,396 | 6,29,066 | 60,461 | - | - | 689,527 | 112,869 |
| Computers | 10,56,074 | 20,239 | - | 10,76,313 | 9,77,974 | 39,623 | - | - | 1,017,597 | 58,716 |
| Motor Cars | 26,07,500 |  | - | 26,07,500 | 21,79,546 | 1,33,650 | - | - | 2,313,196 | 294,304 |
| Total for Tangible assets | 75,44,829 | 47,303 | - | 75,92,132 | 66,87,243 | 2,62,747 | - | - | 69,49,990 | 6,42,142 |



## UNITED CREDIT LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31ST, 2021

## 13. Payables

(I) Other Payables
(i) Dues of Micro Enterprises and Small Enterprises

| Particulars | As at March 31st, | As at March 31st, |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2021 |  |  |

Dues to Micro and Small Enterprises have been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information available.
(ii) total outstanding dues of creditors to other than micro enterprises and small enterprises

| Particulars |  | Amount(in Rs.) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { As at March 31st, } \\ 2021 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { As at March 31st, } \\ 2020 \end{gathered}$ |
| Due to others |  | 38,40,354 | 18,72,178 |
| Total |  | 38,40,354 | 18,72,178 |

UNITED CREDIT LIMITED
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31ST, 2021
14. Other Financial \& Non financial Liabilities

Amount(in Rs.)
A- Other Financial Liabilities

| Particulars | As at March 31st, 2021 | As at March 31st, 2020 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Unpaid Dividend |  |  |
| Security Deposits received | $1,15,527$ | $11,71,959$ |
| Due to Preference shareholders- On Redemption | $44,20,114$ | $54,31,377$ |
| Total |  | - |
|  | $\mathbf{4 5 , 3 5 , 6 4 1}$ | $87,11,685$ |
|  |  | $\mathbf{1 , 5 3 , 1 5 , 0 2 1}$ |
| B- Other non-financial liabilities <br> Advance Rent <br> Total |  |  |

15. Provisions

Amount(in Rs.)

| Particulars | As at March 31st, 2021 | As at March 31st, 2020 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Provision for Gratuity | $2,39,022$ | $2,63,254$ |
| Provision for compensated absence | $9,23,251$ | $9,66,337$ |
| Total | $\mathbf{1 1 , 6 2 , 2 7 3}$ | $\mathbf{1 2 , 2 9 , 5 9 1}$ |

## UNITED CREDIT LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31ST, 2021

## 16. Share Capital

| (Amount(in Rs.), except number of shares) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Particulars | As at March 31st, 2021 | As at March 31st, 2020 |
| Authorised Equity shares, Rs. 10/-par value 1,50,00,000 (31st March, $2020: 1,50,00,000$, 1st April, 2019: 1,50,00,000) Equity shares | 15,00,00,000 | 15,00,00,000 |
| Preference shares, Rs. 10/- par value 50,00,000 (31 st March, 2020 : 50,00,000, 1st April, 2019: 50,00,000) Preference shares | $5,00,00,000$ $\mathbf{2 0 , 0 0 , 0 0 , 0 0 0}$ | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 5,00, } 00,000 \\ \mathbf{2 0 , 0 0 , 0 0 , 0 0 0} \\ \hline\end{array}$ |
| Issued <br> Equity shares, Rs. 10/- par value <br> 57,90,729 (31st March, 2020 : 57,90,729, 1st April, 2019: 57,90,729) <br> Equity Shares | 5,79,07,290 | 5,79,07,290 |
|  | 5,79,07,290 | 5,79,07,290 |
| Subscribed and fully paid-up <br> Equity shares, Rs. 10/- par value <br> 53,27,823 (31st March, 2020 : 53,27,823, 1st April, 2019: 53,27,823) Equity Shares | 5,32,78,230 | 5,32,78,230 |
| 330,400 (Previous year 330,400) Shares Forfeited-Amount originally paid up | 16,52,000 | 16,52,000 |
| Total | 5,49,30,230 | 5,49,30,230 |

### 16.1 Reconciliation of Equity Shares

The reconciliation of the number of Equity Shares outstanding and the corresponding amount thereof as at the Balance Sheet date is set out below:

| Equity Shares | As at March 31st, 2021 |  | As at March 31st, 2020 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. of shares | Amount(in Rs.) | No. of shares | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Amount(in } \\ & \text { Rs.) } \end{aligned}$ |
| At the beginning of the year | 53,27,823 | 5,32,78,230 | 53,27,823 | 53,278,230 |
| Add: Issued as fully paid during the year |  |  | 53,27,823 |  |
| At the end of the period/year | 53,27,823 | 5,32,78,230 | 53,27,823 | 53,278,230 |

### 16.2 Terms/rights attached to Shares

The Company's authorized capital consists of two classes of shares referred to as Equity Shares and Preference shares having par value of Rs.10/- each and Rs.10/- each, respectively. Each holder of Equity Shares is entitled to one vote per share.
These Shares rank pari passu in all respects including voting rights and entitlement of dividend.
16.3 The details of shareholders holding more than $5 \%$ shares are set out as below:

| Class of shares and names of shareholders | As at March 31st, 2021 |  | As at March 31st, 2020 |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Equity shares, Rs. 10/- par value | No. of <br> shares | $\mathbf{\%}$ held | No. of <br> shares | held |
| Dabriwala Banijya Udyog Ltd. | $22,99,264$ | 43.16 | $22,99,264$ | 43.16 |
| United Nanotech Products Ltd (Formerly Anurag <br> Properties PvtLtd since merged with United <br> Nanotech Products Ltd) | $7,42,374$ | 13.93 | $7,42,374$ | 13.93 |
| Sri Ashok Kumar Dabriwala |  |  |  |  |

## UNITED CREDIT LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31ST, 2021

## 17. Other Equity



## Note 17-Continued

Special reserve (created pursuant to Section 45IC of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934)
The amount transferred to statutory reserves has been calculated in accordance with the provision of Section 45-IC of the RBI Act, 1934 which requires transfer of $20 \%$ of the profit after tax to the statutory reserves.

## Capital Reserve:

This reserve represents the reissue of forfeited shares and capital receipts towards transfer of tenancy right.

## Securities Premium

This reserve represents the premium on issue of shares and can be utilised in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

## Capital Redemption Reserve

In accordance with Rule 18(7)(b)(ii) of the Companies (Share Capital and Debentures) Rules, 2014 read with Section $71(4)$ of the
Companies Act, 2013 the Company has created CRR only for redemption of Preference share capital.

## General Reserve

General Reserve includes Revenue Reserve of Rs.17,871,849/- (Previous Year Rs.17,871,849/-) being difference between assets and liabilities taken over after adjustment of consideration money in terms of Scheme of Amalgamation with United Credit Financial Services Ltd.

## Retained Earnings:

This reserve represents the cumulative profits of the Company.

UNITED CREDIT LIMITED
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31ST, 2021
18. Interest Income

| Particulars | For the year ended <br> March 31st, 2021 | For the year ended <br> March 31st, 2020 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| On Financial Assets measured at Amortised Cost |  |  |
| Interest on Loans |  |  |
| Total | $1,95,03,406$ | $1,87,92,969$ |

19. Other Income

| Amount(in Rs.) |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Particulars | For the year ended <br> March 31st, 2021 | For the year ended <br> March 31st, 2020 |
| Provision for Diminution in the Value of Investment W/Back | - |  |
| Net gain/(loss) on derecognition of property, plant and equipment | - | - |
| Interest on Income Tax Refund | 9,045 | - |
| Others | $6,65,287$ | - |
| Total | $\mathbf{6 , 7 4 , 3 3 2}$ | $\mathbf{6 , 6 9 , 5 4 1}$ |

20. Impairment on financial instruments

Amount(in Rs.)

| Particulars | For the year ended <br> March 31st, 2021 | For the year ended <br> March 31st, 2020 |
| :---: | ---: | ---: |
|  |  |  |
| On Financial instruments measured at Amortised Cost |  |  |
| Loans |  |  |
|  | 7,821 | 22,111 |
|  |  | $\mathbf{7 , 8 2 1}$ |

## 21. Employee Benefits Expenses

| Amount(in Rs.) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Particulars | For the year ended March 31st, 2021 | For the year ended March 31st, 2020 |
| Salaries and wages | 59,06,966 | 57,56,339 |
| Contribution to provident and other funds * | 5,32,986 | 5,26,817 |
| Staff welfare expenses | 5,30,383 | 6,73,449 |
| Company's Contribution to Gratuity Fund | 3,43,696 | 3,18,198 |
| Total | 73,14,031 | 72,74,803 |

## UNITED CREDIT LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31ST, 2021
22. Other expenses

Amount(in Rs.)

| Particulars | For the year ended <br> March 31st, 2021 | For the year ended <br> March 31st, 2020 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Rent | $7,51,032$ | $7,33,952$ |
| Insurance | $2,17,186$ | $2,00,944$ |
| Law Charges | $2,60,230$ | $2,60,200$ |
| Printing \& Stationery | 87,353 | $1,68,194$ |
| Postage \& Telephone | $1,26,739$ | $2,52,574$ |
| Electricity Expenses | $2,40,632$ | $3,30,552$ |
| Travelling \& Conveyance | $1,86,895$ | $18,76,664$ |
| Advertisement | 98,414 | $1,03,251$ |
| Auditors' Remuneration (Refer Note 24a) | $2,45,000$ | $2,27,500$ |
| Car Expenses | $3,93,569$ | $4,74,874$ |
| Rates \& Taxes | $5,32,182$ | $1,59,876$ |
| Maintenance \& Repairs - Others | 93,936 | $2,01,056$ |
| Sales Promotion | $1,13,857$ | $1,47,409$ |
| Computer Expenses | $1,28,654$ | $1,00,385$ |
| Computer Software Expenses | 5,057 | 8,333 |
| Directors' Fees | $5,80,000$ | $6,90,000$ |
| Professional Fees | $1,77,549$ | $5,20,100$ |
| Consultancy Fees | 90,000 | $1,00,313$ |
| Bank Charges | 4,337 | 11,015 |
| Service Charges | $3,16,594$ | $3,05,784$ |
| Miscellaneous Expenses | $13,22,019$ | $9,34,328$ |
| Amortization of Prepaid Rent | $22,15,472$ | 2, |
| Total | $\mathbf{8 1 , 8 6 , 7 0 7}$ |  |

Note: 22a - Auditor Remuneration
Amount(in Rs.)

| Particulars | For the year ended <br> March 31st, 2021 | For the year ended <br> March 31st, 2020 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Auditors' Remuneration |  |  |
| Statutory Audit | $1,20,000$ | $1,20,000$ |
| Tax Audit | 12,000 | 12,000 |
| Limited Review | 30,000 | 30,000 |
| Certification Work | 48,000 | 48,000 |
| Other Services | 35,000 | 17,500 |
| Total | $\mathbf{2 , 4 5 , 0 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 , 2 7 , 5 0 0}$ |

Note: 23-Current Tax
Amount(in Rs.)

| Particulars | For the year ended <br> March 31st, 2021 | For the year ended <br> March 31st, 2020 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Provision for Taxation | $37,30,000$ | $34,75,000$ |
| Excess Provision of Income Tax (AY 2017-18) written back | $(33,197)$ | - |
| Income Tax of Earlier Year (AY-18-19) | - | 73,428 |
| MAT Credit Entitlement | - | - |
| Total | $\mathbf{3 6 , 9 6 , 8 0 3}$ | $\mathbf{3 5 , 4 8 , 4 2 8}$ |

UNITED CREDIT LIMITED
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31ST, 2021

## 24. EARNINGS PER SHARE

| Particulars | For the year ended |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
|  | March 31st, 2021 | March 31st, 2020 |
| Net Profit attributable to Equity Shareholders (Amount in Rs.) | $87,38,298$ | $89,50,067$ |
| Weighted average number of Equity Shares Basic (Nos.) | $53,27,823$ | $53,27,823$ |
| Weighted average number of Equity Shares Diluted (Nos.) | $53,27,823$ | $53,27,823$ |
| Nominal Value of Equity per share ( ₹ $)$ | 10 | 10 |
| Basic Earnings per share ( $₹$ ) | $\mathbf{1 . 6 4}$ | $\mathbf{1 . 6 8}$ |
| Diluted Earnings per share ( ₹ $)$ | $\mathbf{1 . 6 4}$ | $\mathbf{1 . 6 8}$ |

## 25. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND COMMITMENTS (TO THE EXTENT NOT PROVIDED FOR)

Amount(in Rs.)

| Particulars | As at March 31st, 2021 | As at March 31 st, 2020 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Contingent liabilities <br> Claims against the company not acknowledged as debt <br> Disputed demands * <br> Income tax |  |  |
| Total | $69,00,919$ | $69,00,919$ |

* Income tax demand for the Assessment Year 1996-97 amounting to Rs.6,900,919/- (Previous year Rs.6,900,919/-) against which the Company has filed an appeal under Section 261 of the Income Tax Act, 1961, before the Hon'ble Supreme Court against High Court Judgement which was passed in favour of Revenue Department. The Case has been admitted for final hearing. The Company had already paid a sum of Rs.6,900,919/- (Previous year Rs.6,900,919/-) under protest which has been shown under Current tax assets (Net) in NOTE 9. The Goverment has launched the ' Vivad se Vishwas Scheme 2020', the Company has decided to opt for the scheme to claim refund of interest paid by it and will subsequently withdraw appeal from Hon'ble Supreme Court if a certificate/order is granted by the Designated Authority (DA). The Company has successfully filed declaration online in Form $1 \& 2$ on 16 th December, 2020. The order of the Designated Authority in the matter is pending.

The Board has recommended a dividend of Rs. 0.00 on each equity share which is subject to the approval of the members of theCompany at the ensuing Annual General Meeting.

## UNITED CREDIT LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31ST, 2021

## 26. Employee Benefits

## Defined benefit plans

## (A) Gratuity Fund :-

The Company makes periodic contributions to the LIC Gratuity Fund, a funded defined benefit-plan for qualifying employees. The plan provides for a lump-sum payment to vested employees at retirement, death while in employmentor on termination of employment of an amount equivalent to 15 days salary (last drawn) payable for each completed year of service. Vesting occurs upon completion of five years of service. The Company makes annual contributions to gratuity funds to LIC. The Company accounts for the liability for gratuity benefits payable in the future based on an actuarial valuation.

## Risk Management

The Defined Benefit Plans expose the Company to risk of actuarial deficit arising out of interest rate risk, Liquidity Risk, Salary Escalation Risk. Demographic Risk, Regulatory Risk, Asset Liability Mismatching or Market Risk and Investment Risk.
(a) Interest rate risk: The plan exposes the Company to the risk of fall in interest rates. A fall in the interest rates will result in an increase in the ultimate cost of Providing the above benefit and will thus result in an increase in the value of the Liability.
(b) Liquidity Risk: This is the risk that the Company is not able to meet the short-term gratuity payouts. This may arise due to non availabilty of enough cash/cash equivalent to meet the liabilities or holding of illiquid assets not being sold in time.
(c)Salary Escalation Risk: The present value of the defined benefit plan is calculated with the assumption of salary increase rate of plan participants in future. Deviation in the rate of increase of salary in future for plan participants from the rate of increase in salary used to determine the present value of obligation will have a bearing on the plan's liabilty.
(d) Demographic risk : the company has used certain mortality and attrition assumptions in valuation of the liability. The Company is exposed to the risk of actual experience turning out to be worse compared to the assumption.
(e) Regulatory Risk : Gratuity benefit is paid in accordance with the requirements of the Payment of Gratuity Act,1972 (as amended from time to time). There is a risk of change in regulations requiring higher gratuity payouts(e.g.Increase in the maximum limit on gratuity of Rs. 20,00,000).
(f) Asset Liability Mismatching or Market Risk :The duration of the liabilty is longer compared to duration of assets, exposing the Company to market risk for volatilities/fall in interest rate.
(g) Investment Risk : The probability or likelihood of occurrence of losses relative to the expected return on any particular investment.

## UNITED CREDIT LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31ST, 2021

26.1 Particulars in respect of post retirement defined benefit plans of the Company are as follows :-

Amount(in Rs.)

| Description | Gratuity (Funded) |  | Compensated absence (Unfunded) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Year ended <br> March 31st, 2021 | Year ended <br> March 31st, 2020 | Year ended <br> March 31st, 2021 | Year ended <br> March 31st, 2020 |
| 1. Change in the defined benefit obligation (DBO) |  |  |  |  |
| Present value of obligation at the beginning of the year | 19,35,577 | 19,33,907 | 9,66,337 | 9,63,333 |
| Current Service Cost | 1,07,989 | 98,365 | 7,361 | 22,457 |
| Interest Cost | 1,08,316 | 1,45,351 | 54,076 | 63,232 |
| Actuarial (gain)/loss - experience variance (i.e. actual | $(34,729)$ | $(2,06,011)$ | $(1,09,680)$ | $(35,627)$ |
| experience vs assumptions |  |  |  |  |
| Actuarial (gain)/loss - demographic assumptions | 293 | 48 |  | 21 |
| Actuarial (gain)/loss - financial assumptions | $(53,080)$ | 1,07,475 | 5,157 | 19,859 |
| Benefits paid |  | $(1,43,558)$ |  | $(66,938)$ |
| Present value of obligation at the end of the year | 20,64,366 | 19,35,577 | 9,23,251 | 9,66,337 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| 2. Change in plan assets |  |  |  |  |
| Fair value of Plan Assets at the beginning of the year | 16,72,323 | 16,95,860 | - | - |
| Interest income on plan assets | 93,584 | 1,27,460 |  |  |
| Contributions by the employer | 26,834 | - | - | - |
| Return on Plan assets greater/(lesser) than discount rate | 32,603 | $(7,439)$ |  |  |
| Benefits paid |  | $(143,558)$ | - | - |
| Fair value of Plan Assets at the end of the Year | 18,25,344 | 16,72,323 | - | - |

Basis used to determine the Expected Rate of Return on Plan Assets
The expected rate of return on plan assets is determined based on government bond rate

| Description | Gratuity (Funded) |  | Compensated absence (Unfunded) |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Year ended <br> March 31st, 2021 | Year ended <br> March 31st, 2020 | Year ended <br> March 31st, 2021 | Year ended <br> March 31st, 2020 |
| 3. Amount recognised in Balance Sheet consists of: | $1,825,344$ |  |  |  |
| Fair value of Plan Assets at the end of the Year | $1,672,323$ | - | - |  |
| Present Value of Obligation at the end of the Year | $2,064,366$ | $1,935,577$ | 923,251 | 966,337 |
| Funded status (surplus/[deficit]) | $(239,022)$ | $(263,254)$ | $(923,251)$ | $(966,337)$ |
| Net defined benefit Asset/(Liabilities) | $(239,022)$ | $(263,254)$ | $(923,251)$ | $(966,337)$ |


| Description | Gratuity (Funded) |  | Compensated absence (Unfunded) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4. Expenses recognised in the statement of profit and loss consists of: | Year ended March 31st, 2021 | Year ended March 31st, 2020 | Year ended <br> March 31st, 2021 | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { Year ended } \\ \text { March 31st, 2020 } \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| Employee benefits expenses: <br> Current Service cost <br> Net Interest cost <br> Actuarial (Gain) / Loss due to DBO experience <br> Actuarial (Gain) / Loss due to DBO assumptions changes | $1,07,989$ 14,732 | 98,365 17,891 | $\begin{array}{r} 7,361 \\ 54,076 \\ (1,09,680) \\ 5,157 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 22,457 \\ 63,232 \\ (35,627) \\ 19,880 \end{array}$ |
| Total[A] | 1,22,721 | 1,16,256 | $(43,086)$ | 69,942 |
| Other Comprehensive Income <br> Actuarial (Gain) / Loss due to DBO experience <br> Actuarial (Gain) / Loss due to DBO assumptions changes <br> Return on Plan assets (greater)/lesser than discount rate | $\begin{aligned} & (34,729) \\ & (52,787) \\ & (32,603) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} (2,06,011) \\ 1,07,523 \\ 7,439 \end{array}$ | - | - |
| Actuarial (Gains) / Losses recognized in OCI [B] | $(1,20,119)$ | $(91,049)$ |  |  |
| Adjustment for limit on net asset Curtailment Cost/(Credit) |  |  |  |  |
| Expense recognised during the year [ $\mathrm{A}+\mathrm{B}$ ] | 2,602 | 25,207 | $(43,086)$ | 69,942 |

## UNITED CREDIT LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31ST, 2021

26.2 Particulars in respect of post retirement defined benefit plans and long term employment benefits of the Company are as follows :-

|  |  |  |  | Amount(in R |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Description | Gratuity (Funded) \% Invested |  | Compensated absence (Unfunded) \% Invested |  |
| Particulars | As at March 31st,2021 | As at March 31st, 2020 | As at March 31st, 2021 | As at March 31st, 2020 |
| 1. Assumptions |  |  |  |  |
| Discount rate per annum | 5.70\% | 5.60\% | 5.30\% | 5.60\% |
| Salary escalation rate per annum | 6.00\% | 7.00\% | 7.00\% | 7.00\% |
| Method used | Projected Unit Credit Method |  | Projected Unit Credit Method |  |

26.3 The estimate of future salary increases take into account inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant reasons.

### 26.4 Sensitivity Analysis

The sensitivity results below determine their individual impact on the plan's end of year Defined Benefit Obligation. In reality, the plan is subject to multiple external experience items which may move the Defined Benefit Obligation in similar or opposite directions, while the plan's sensitivity to such changes can vary over time.

|  | Year ended March 31st, 2021 |  |  |  | Year ended March 31st, 2020 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Gratuity (Funded) |  | Compensated absence (Unfunded) |  | Gratuity (Funded) |  | Compensated absence (Unfunded) |  |
|  | \% | ( ln Rs ) | \% | ( $\ln \mathrm{Rs}$ ) | \% | ( $\ln \mathrm{Rs}$ ) | \% | ( $\ln \mathrm{Rs}$ ) |
| 1. Discount Rate +100 basis points | -2.2\% | $(45,145)$ | (1.8) | $(17,002)$ | -2.4\% | $(46,025)$ | (2.1) | $(20,445)$ |
| 2. Discount Rate - 100 basis points | 2.4\% | 50,151 | 2.0 | 18,468 | 2.5\% | 49,243 | 2.3 | 22,042 |
| 3. Salary Increase Rate $+1 \%$ | 2.4\% | $(80,679)$ | 1.9 | 17,986 | 2.5\% | 48,110 | 2.2 | 21,533 |
| 4. Salary Increase Rate - $1 \%$ | -2.2\% | $(45,432)$ | (1.8) | $(16,894)$ | -2.4\% | $(45,857)$ | (2.1) | $(20,371)$ |

### 26.5 Maturity analysis of the defined benefit plans

Weighted average duration (based on discounted cash flows) 2 years

|  | Year ended March 31 st, 2021 |  | Year ended March 31st, 2020 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Gratuity <br> (Funded) | Compensated absence (Unfunded) | Gratuity (Funded) | Compensated absence (Unfunded) |
| 1. 1 year | 1,452,683 | 726,101 | 870,610 | 552,025 |
| 2. 2 to 5 year | 438,771 | 123,948 | 998,701 | 377,669 |
| 3. 6 to 10 Year | 270,389 | 110,855 | 288,969 | 116,150 |
| 4. More than 10 year | 227,671 | 49,309 | 67,267 | 46,638 |

## UNITED CREDIT LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31ST, 2021

## 27. Related Party Disclosure

## A-List of Related Parties

| Key Management Personnel (KMMP) |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Name |  |
| Sri Ashok Kumar Dabriwala | Chairman \& Managing Director |
| Sri Devashish Dabriwal | Director |
| Smt Rashmi Dabriwal | Director |
| Sri Arunabha Biswas | Vice President \& Company Secretary |
| Sri Samarjit Jain | Chief Financial Officer |

Enterprise over which KMP has significance influence
Dabriwala Banijya Udyog Limited

## B- Summary of Transactions

|  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Name of the Related Party | Nature of relationship | Nature of transactions | For the year endedMarch 31st, 2021 | For the year ended March 31st, 2020 |
| Dabriwala Banijya Udyog Limited | Enterprise over which KMP has significance influence | Rent paid | 12,000 | 12,000 |
|  |  | Rent Received | 12,000 | 12,000 |
|  |  | Muncipal Taxes | 4,82,195 | 81,780 |
|  |  | Electric Charges | - | 35,701 |
|  |  | Maintenance charges | - | 34,176 |
| Sri A. K.Dabriwala | Key ManagerialPersonnel | Remunaration | 28,48,734 | 23,82,173 |
| Sri A. Biswas | Key ManagerialPersonnel | Remunaration | 8,83,495 | 8,78,440 |
| Sri S. Jain | Key Managerial Personnel | Remunaration | 7,80,581 | 7,75,654 |
| Sri D.Dabriwal | Relative of KMP | Sitting Fees | 60,000 | 70,000 |
| Smt. R.Dabriwal | Relative of KMP | Sitting Fees | 2,10,000 | 2,80,000 |

## C- Balance Outstanding

|  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Name of the Related Party | Nature of relationship | Nature of transactions | Balance as at March 31st, 2021 | Balance as at March 31st, 2020 |
| Dabriwala Banijya UdyogLimited | Enterprise over which KMP has significance influence | Security Deposit | 9,46,13,077 | 9,63,80,014 |
|  |  | Electric Charges Payable |  | 6,477 |

## UNITED CREDIT LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31ST, 2021

## 28. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

For the purpose of the Company's capital management, capital includes issued equity capital, share premium and all other reserves attributable to the equity holders of the parent. The primary objective of the Company's capital management is to maximize the value of the shareholder.

The Company manages its capital so as to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern and to optimise returns to shareholders. The capital structure of the Company is based on management's judgment of its strategic and day-to-day needs with a focus on total equity so as to maintain investor, creditors and market confidence.

The Management and the Board of Directors monitors the capital structure and may take appropriate steps in order to maintain, or if necessary adjust, its capital structure. The Company has no external borrowings in the current year and the previous year.

No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the years ended March 31, 2021 and March 31, 2020.

## UNITED CREDIT LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31ST, 2021

## 29. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RELATED DISCLOSURES

This section gives an overview of the significance of financial instruments for the Company and provides additional information on balance sheet items that contain financial instruments

The details of significant accounting policies, including the criteria for recognition, the basis of measurement and the basis on which income and expenses are recognised in respect of each class of Financial asset, Financial liability and equity instrument are disclosed in Note 2 to the financial statements.

## A) Categories of Financial Instruments

Set out below, is a comparison by class of the carrying amounts and fair value of the Company's financial instruments:
Amount(in Rs.)

|  | As at March 31st, 2021 |  | As at March 31st, 2020 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Carrying Value | Fair Value | Carrying Value | Fair Value |
| Financial assets |  |  |  |  |
| a) Measured at amortised cost |  |  |  |  |
| i) Cash and cash equivalents | 13,55,105 | 13,55,105 | 7,43,723 | 7,43,723 |
| ii) Other bank balances | 1,15,527 | 1,15,527 | 11,71,959 | 11,71,959 |
| iii) Trade Receivables | 33,84,278 | 33,84,278 | 29,84,616 | 29,84,616 |
| iv) Loans | 14,63,30,931 | 14,63,30,931 | 14,41,12,284 | 14,41,12,284 |
| v) Other financial assets | 1,19,18,362 | 1,19,18,362 | 1,10,17,021 | 1,10,17,021 |
| Sub-total | $\mathbf{1 6 , 3 1 , 0 4 , 2 0 3}$ | 16,31,04,203 | 16,00,29,603 | 16,00,29,603 |
| b) Measured at Fair value through Profit or Loss |  |  |  |  |
| i) Investment <br> ii)Other financial assets | $\begin{aligned} & 29,76,012 \\ & 76,30,032 \end{aligned}$ | 31 $76,30,032$ | $\begin{array}{r} 29,76,012 \\ 71,81,499 \end{array}$ | 31 $71,81,499$ |
| Sub-total | 1,06,06,044 | 76,30,063 | 1,01,57,511 | 71,81,530 |
| Total financial assets | 17,37,10,247 | 17,07,34,266 | 17,01,87,114 | 16,72,11,133 |
| Financial liabilities |  |  |  |  |
| a) Measured at a mortised cost <br> i) Payables | 38,40,354 | 38,40,354 | 18,72,178 | 18,72,178 |
| ii) Borrowings (Other than Debt Securities) iii) Other financial liabilities | $1,15,527$ | $1,15,527$ | $98,83,644$ | $98,83,644$ |
| Sub-total | 39,55,881 | 39,55,881 | 1,17,55,822 | 1,17,55,822 |
| b) Measured at Fair value through Profit or loss |  |  |  |  |
| i) Other Financial Liability | 44,20,114 | 44,20,114 | 54,31,377 | 54,31,377 |
| Sub-total | 44,20,114 | 44,20,114 | 54,31,377 | 54,31,377 |
| Total financial liabilities | 83,75,995 | 83,75,995 | 1,71,87,199 | 1,71,87,199 |

Below are the methodologies and assumptions used to determine fair values for the above financial instruments which are not recorded and measured at fair value in the Company's financial statements. These fair values were calculated for disclosure purposes only. The below methodologies and assumptions relate only to the instruments in the above tables

## UNITED CREDIT LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31ST, 2021

## 29. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RELATED DISCLOSURES (continued)

## B. Fair value hierarchy

The following table provides an analysis of financial instruments that are measured subsequent to initial recognition at fair value, grouped into Level 1 to Level 3, as described below:

Quoted prices in an active market (Level 1): Level 1 hierarchy includes financial instruments measured using quoted prices. This includes listed equityinstruments that have quoted price. The fair value of all equity instruments which are traded in the stock exchanges is valued using the closing price as at the reporting period.

Valuation techniques with observable inputs (Level 2): The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market (for example over- the counter derivatives) is determined using valuation techniques which maximise the use of observable market data and rely as little as possible onentity-specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to fair value an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in level 2.

Valuation techniques with significant unobservable inputs (Level 3): If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in level 3. This is the case for unlisted equity securities included in level 3.


## UNITED CREDIT LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31ST, 2021

## 29. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RELATED DISCLOSURES (continued)

## C) Financial risk management objectives

The Company's business activities are exposed to a variety of financial risks, namely liquidity risk, market risks and credit risk. The Company's senior management has the overall responsibility for establishing and governing the Company's risk management framework. The Company's seniormanagement is responsible for developing and monitoring the Company's risk management policies. The Company's risk management policies are established to identify and analyse the risks faced by the Company, to set and monitor appropriate risk limits and controls, periodically review the changes in market conditions and reflect the changes in the policy accordingly. The key risks and mitigating actions are also placed before the Board. The Board of Directors reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risks, which are summarized below:

## a) Market risk

Market Risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market factors. Market riskcomprises three types of risk: Interest rate risk, currency risk and other price risk, such as its equity price risk, liquidity risk and commodity risk.

The Company's Financial Instruments are exposed to market changes. The Company is exposed to the following significant market risk:
i. Foreign Currency Risk
ii. Interest Rate Risk
iii. Other Price Risk

## i. Foreign currency risk

The Company has no exposure to foreign currency instruments and hence not susceptible to Foreign Currency Risks.

## ii. Interest rate risk

The Company is not exposed to interest rate risk as the Company currently has no external borrowing.

## iii. Price risk

Equity price risk is related to change in market reference price of investments in equity securities held by the Company. The fair value of quoted investments held by the Company exposes the Company to equity price risks. In general, these investments are not held for trading purposes. However, as the Company has fully impaired its investments, the Company is no longer exposed to price risks,

## Liquidity risk

Liquidity Risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled bydelivering cash or another financial asset.
The Company's treasury maintains flexibility in funding by borrowing short term funds as and when required. However, the Company does not haveany external borrowings in the current year and the preceeding year.
The Company's Board of Directors lays down a broad framework for liquidity risk management to ensure that it is in a position to meet its daily liquidity obligations as well as to withstand a period of liquidity stress from industry, market or a combination of them. The liquidity profile is analyzed on a static as well as on a dynamic basis by using the gap analysis technique supplemented by monitoring of key liquidity ratios and conduct of liquidity stress tests periodically.

## Credit risk

The principal business of the company is to provide financing in the form of loans to its clients primarily to acquire assets. Credit Risk is the risk of default of the counterparty to repay its obligations in a timely manner resulting in financial loss. The Company also provides renting services to its clients which result in accrual of Trade Receivables. The Company is exposed to credit risk to the extent of such Trade Receivables. Credit risk encompasses both the direct risk of default and the risk of deterioration of creditworthiness as well as concentration risks. The Company has credit policies approved by the Board which lays down the credit evaluation and approval process in compliance with regulatory guidelines.

The Company uses the Expected Credit Loss (ECL) Methodology to assess the impairment on both loan assets and trade receivables. The Company reviews its large exposures on quarterly basis to identify cases where the expected credit loss is expected to be higher than the amount recorded and recognises such impairments additionally.

## UNITED CREDIT LIMITED

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2021
30. Reconciliation of tax expenses and the accounting profit multiplied by Indian tax rate

| Particulars | Amount(in Rs.) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Year Ended |  |
|  | 31-Mar-2021 | 31-Mar-2020 |
| Protit betore tax | 1,19,73,893.00 | 1,18,36,617.00 |
| Tax at the Indian tax rate of 27.82\% (previous year - 27.82) | 33,31,137.03 | 32,92,946.85 |
| Tax ettect ot amounts which are not deductible (taxable) in calculating taxable income |  |  |
| - Companies Act Depreciation | 73,096.22 | 94,182.38 |
| - Expenses on fair Valuation of Security Deposit | 6,31,101.99 | 6,45,304.37 |
| - Disallowance on sec 43 B | $(18,727.87)$ | 6,176.87 |
| - Acturial impact of OCI |  | 25,329.83 |
| - Uthers | 4,35,413.88 | 3,18,010.98 |
| Tax effect of amounts which are deductible (non-taxable) in calculating taxable income |  |  |
| - Income On Reversal of dimunition in the value of |  |  |
| Investments |  |  |
| - Income On Fair Valuation of Security Deposit | (1,24,781.88) | (1,59,477.32) |
| - Income On Fair Valuation of Security Deposit (Rental) | $(7,493.87)$ |  |
| - Income from tair valuation ot mutual tunds <br> - Income trom rented property |  |  |
| -Income Tax Depreciation | (1,2/579:/4) | (1,44,283.14 |
| Tax effect of other adjustment | (1,2\%, | (1,44,283.14) |
| - Income 'laxable at Different rates | (5,03,630.19) | (7,05,449.27) |
| - Income tax for earlier years | $(33,197.00)$ | 73,428.00 |
| - MAT Credit/carry forward losses adjustment \& Others |  |  |
| - Others | 41,465.00 | 102,258.50 |
| Tax Expense | 3,696,803.57 | 3,548,428.06 |

## UNITED CREDIT LIMITED

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2021

## Note 31: Segment information

Based on the organizational structures and its Financial Reporting System, the Company has classified its operation into two e business segments namely Financing Activity and Renting Activity.

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision maker. The chief operating decision-maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the Chief Executive Officer.

The measurement principles for segment reporting are based on Ind AS segment's performance and evaluated based on segment revenue and profit or loss from operating activities

Unallocated expenses/results, assets and liabilities include expenses/results, assets and liabilities(including inter-segment assets and liabilities) and other activities not allocated to the operating segments. These also include current taxes, deferred taxes and certain financial assets and liabilities not allocated to the operating segments.

Amount (in Rs.)

| $\stackrel{\mathrm{S}}{\mathrm{N}}$ | Particulars | Year ended |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 31-Mar-2021 | 31-Mar-2020 |
| 1. | 1. SEGMENT REVENUE (Gross) |  |  |
|  | a) Financing Activity | 19503406 | 18792969 |
|  | b) Renting Activity | 7620508 | 10136437 |
|  | Less : Inter Segment Revenue | 0 | 0 |
|  | Net Sales/Income from operation | 27123914 | 28929406 |
|  | 2. SEGMENT RESULTS |  |  |
|  | Profit before Interest \& Tax |  |  |
|  | a) Financing Activity | 18973355 | 17990110 |
|  | b) Renting Activity | 2838984 | 5476722 |
|  | Add/ (Less) : Unallocable Exp. | (9838446) | (11630215) |
|  | Total Profit before Tax | 11973893 | 11836617 |
|  | 3 SEGMENT ASSETS |  |  |
| 3 | a) Financing Activity | 158249293 | 155129305 |
|  | b) Renting Activity | 98771236 | 100035900 |
|  | c) Unallocable | 11227694 | 13163477 |
|  |  | 268248223 | 268328682 |
| 4 | 4 SEGMENT LIABILITIES |  |  |
|  | a) Financing Activity | 0 | 0 |
|  | b) Renting Activity | 5283800 | 5493627 |
|  | c) Unallocable | 4289781 | 12985413 |
|  |  | 9573581 | 18479040 |

## UNITED CREDIT LIMITED

## Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2021

## Note 32: Additional Notes to financial statements

## A- Leases-

The company has adopted IND AS 116 "leases"effective 1st April, 2019,as notified by the Ministry of Corporates Affairs (MCA) vide Companies (Indian Accounting Standard), Amendment Rules, 2019 using the modified retrospective method. There has been no significant impact as a result of such adoption.

## B- Estimation uncertainty relating to the global health pandemic on COVID-19

In assessing the recoverability of receivables, the Company has considered internal and external information up to the date of approval of these financial statements. The Company expects to recover the carrying amount of these assets.
Although, the Company does not foresee any major contraction in demand in financing activity there is a possibility of downward impact in the rental income due to closure/ semi-closure of Offices during lockdown and post lockdown period. However, the impact assessment of COVID-19 is a continuing process given the uncertainties associated with its nature and duration.

## C- RBI Disclosure

As required in terms of paragraph 18 under Chapter IV of Non-Banking Financial Company - NonSystemically Important Non-Deposit taking Company (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016, as applicable and amended , the schedule to the Balance Sheet is appended in Annexure I.

A comparison between provisions required under IRACP and impairment allowances made under Ind AS 109is appended in Annexure II.
33. Figures pertaining to the previous years have been rearranged/ regrouped, wherever considered necessary,to make them comparable with those of the current year.

## Signatories to Notes 1 to 33.

In terms of our report attached

## For L.B. JHA \& CO.

Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No. 301088E

## D.N. RoyPartner

Membership Number 300389

## On behalf of the Board of Directors

Arunabha Biswas
Vice President and
Samarjit Jain
Chief Financial Officer
A.K.Dabriwala

Chairman and Managing Director DIN : 00024498
Suresh Chandra Saha
Director
DIN: 00484308

## Place : Kolkata

Date : 29th June 2021

JNITED CREDIT LIMITED
Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2021
RBI Disclosure


UNITED CREDIT LIMITED
Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2021
RBI Disclosure
Annexure-I
Amount( Rs. In lakhs)


Notes:- Notes:-
. As defined in point (xix) of paragraph 3 of Chapter 2 of these directions.
2. Provisioning norms shall be applicable as prescribed in these directions
3. All Accounting Standards and Guidance Notes issued by ICAI are applicable including for valuation of Investments and other assets as also .ssets acquired in satisfaction of debt. However, market value in respect of quoted investments and break up / fair value / NAV in respect of nquoted investments shall be disclosed irrespective of whether they are classified as long term or current investments as disclosed in (5) above.

| A- For the year ended 31.03.2021 |  |  |  |  |  | Annexure-II <br> Amount(in Rs.) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Asset Classification as per RBI Norms | Asset classifica tion as per Ind AS 109 | Gross Carrying Amount as per Ind AS | Loss Allowances (Provisions) as required under Ind AS 109 | Net Carrying Amount | Provisions required as per IRACP norms | Difference between Ind AS 109 provisions and IRACP norms |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5)=(3)-(4) | (6) | (7) $=(4)-(6)$ |
| Performing Assets |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Standard | Stage 1 | 152,926,000 | 393,037 | 152,532,963 | 393,037 | - |
| Standard | Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Subtotal |  | 152,926,000 | 393,037 | 152,532,963 | 393,037 | - |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Non-Performing Assets (NPA) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Substandard |  | - | - | - |  | - |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Doubtful-up to 1 year | Stage 3 | - | - | - |  | - |
| 1 to 3 years | Stage 3 | - | - | - | - | - |
| More than 3 years | Stage 3 | 2,856,000 | 1,428,000 | 1,428,000 | 1,428,000 | - |
| Subtotal for doubtful |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Loss | Stage 3 | 64,675 | 64,675 | - | 64,675 | - |
| Subtotal for NPA |  | 2,920,675 | 1,492,675 | 1,428,000 | 1,492,675 | - |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Other items such as guarantees, loan commitments, etc. | Stage 1 | - | - | - | - | - |
| which are in the scope of Ind AS 109 but not covered | Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | - |
| under current Income Recognition, Asset Classification and Provisioning (IRACP) norms | Stage 3 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Subtotal |  | - | - | - | - | - |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Stage 1 | 152,926,000 | 393,037 | 152,532,963 | 393,037 | - |
|  | Stage 2 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Total | Stage 3 | 2,920,675 | 1,492,675 | 1,428,000 | 1,492,675 | - |
|  | Total | 155,846,675 | 1,885,712 | 153,960,963 | 1,885,712 | - |



C B Management Services (P) Ltd.
Unit: United Credit Limited
P-22, Bondel Road
Kolkata-700019

## Updation of Shareholder Information

I / We request you to record the following information against my/our Folio No./DP ID/CLIENT ID:

| FOLIO NO. | $\vdots$ |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Personal details | $\vdots$ |  |
| Name of the member | $\vdots$ |  |
| Name of joint holders, if any | $:$ |  |
| Address / Registered address <br> (in case of body corporate) | $:$ |  |
| E-mail Id |  |  |
| CIN / Registration No. <br> (in case of body corporate) | $:$ |  |
| Unique Identification No. | $:$ |  |
| Father's/Mother's/Spouse's name | $:$ |  |
| Status | $:$ |  |
| Occupation | $:$ |  |
| PAN | $:$ |  |
| Nationality | $:$ |  |
| In case member is a minor | $:$ |  |
| Name of Guardian | $:$ |  |
| Date of birth of minor | $:$ |  |
| Details of membership | $:$ |  |
| Date of becoming member | $:$ |  |
| Date of declaration under section 89, if |  |  |
| applicable |  |  |

[^0]
## UNITED CREDIT LIMITED

CIN: L65993WB1970PLC027781
Regd Office : 27B, Camac Street (8 ${ }^{\text {th }}$ Floor), Kolkata - 700016
Phone : (033) 2287-9359 / 9360, Fax : (033) 2287-2047
E-mail : unitedcreditltd@gmail.com, Website: www.unitedcreditltd.com

E-COMMUNICATION REGISTRATION FORM
(In terms of Circular Nos.17/2011 and 18/2011 dated 21.04.2011 and 29.04.2011 respectively issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs)

Name $\qquad$ .e-mail Id : $\qquad$ Address : $\qquad$
$\qquad$

DP ID. : $\qquad$
Client ID. : $\qquad$
Folio No. :
(in case of physical holding)
No. of Shares held : $\qquad$
I/ we shareholder(s) of United Credit Limited agree to receive communication from the Company in electronic mode.

Please register my / our above e-mail id in your records for sending communication through email.

Date: $\qquad$ Signature
(Sole Holder /First Holder)
Note : Shareholder(s) are requested to keep the Company informed as and when there is any change in the e-mail address


[^0]:    * A blank cancelled cheque is enclosed to enable verification of bank details.

